

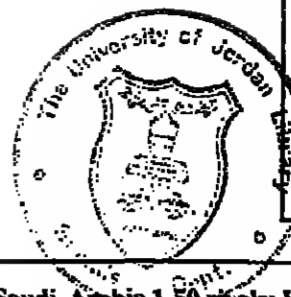
In today's Jordan Times...

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Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية مستقلة عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية "الراي"



Today's Weather

It will be fair weather with northwesterly moderate winds. In Aqaba Gulf, the winds will be northerly moderate and the seas calm.

Table with 3 columns: Location, Overnight, Daytime High. Locations include Amman, Aqaba, Deserts, Jordan Valley.

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 27, Aqaba 35. Sunset tonight: 6:47 p.m. Sunrise tomorrow: 4:31 a.m.

June 6, Number 1692

AMMAN, THURSDAY-FRIDAY JUNE 25-26, 1981 - SHA BAN 23-24, 1401

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Hassan off to Paris to meet Mitterrand

AMMAN, June 24 (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan left here today for France for a working visit of several days...

Elections to replace Bani-Sadr July 24

IRAN, June 24 (Agencies) - said today that elections to choose a successor to Mr. Abolmousolem Bani-Sadr, dismissed as president on Monday and still in exile after nearly two weeks, will be held on July 24.

The announcement on state television came amid continuing speculation over the whereabouts of Bani-Sadr, who is being hunted by Iranian officials who believe he is still in the country.

The election date was set at the meeting last night of a "council" which has taken over the duties of the president, state radio said.

The council's other members include former Prime Minister Mohammad Ali Rajavi, a member of the council, is a presidential candidate most likely to receive the backing of the army and other officials who have dominated Iran since the 1979 revolution.

Major battle at Abadan

OSIA, June 24 (A.P.) - Iraq said today its front-line forces held with several tank-supported Iranian infantry units in a major battle at the Iranian oil-refining centre of Abadan, killing more than 100 Iranian troops and forcing the rest to retreat.

Today's Iraqi military communiqué also reported clashes at Nushayr-e-Pol-e-Zahab, Gilan Gharb, Mehran, Dezful and Shush, along the 500-kilometre-long battlefront, bringing the total Iranian toll to 673 for the preceding 24 hours.

Meanwhile, United Nations special envoy Olaf Palme was in Baghdad today discussing peace proposals with Iraqi leaders. (Details on page 5) He later arrived in Amman for a short visit to Jordan.

SWAPO chief attacks Reagan at OAU summit

NAIROBI, June 24 (A.P.) - Black nationalist leader Sam Nujoma told the African summit today that the support given by the administration of U.S. President Ronald Reagan for South Africa's white-minority rulers threatens to engulf the continent in an east-West conflict with disastrous global consequences.

Mr. Nujoma, leader of the South-West Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO) in Namibia, said the Reagan administration's forged an "unholy alliance" with Pretoria in an attempt to keep South Africa out of international isolation. He said Washington was motivated by a desire to block Soviet influence in Africa.

"This is a very dangerous development which... may engulf the entire continent of Africa in an East-West conflict, with disastrous consequences for the entire world," Mr. Nujoma said.

The remarks continued the heavy criticism of President Reagan that pervaded 10 days of African foreign ministers' meetings during up to the summit. The ministers sent to the summit for endorsement a resolution denouncing the United States as a clear enemy of South Africa. (Related Story on page 5)

Congress stacked against AWACS deal, foes say

WASHINGTON, June 24 (A.P.) - U.S. congressional resistance to President Ronald Reagan's plan to sell sophisticated radar planes to Saudi Arabia is increasing, with more than half the Senate and House of Representatives now opposing the deal, opponents say.

Representative Clarence Long of Oregon, announced today that he had introduced a resolution to block the sale of the AWACS radar planes to Saudi Arabia.

Mr. Long said that he expected the deal to be approved by the House, but that he expected a strong show of opposition, coming a week after assistant Senate Republican leader Ted Stevens of Alaska said the Senate now probably would approve the deal, was staged in an effort to head off Mr. Reagan's plan to propose the sale formally to Congress on July 8.

"In my opinion there's no way the president can get this through the House," Mr. Long said. Mr. Packwood's letter indicated the Republican president also could have trouble getting the Republican-controlled Senate to approve the sale of the Advance Warning and Control System (AWACS) radar planes to Saudi Arabia.

Hussein opens Faisal air base



His Majesty King Hussein, with Prime Minister Mudar Badran and visiting Saudi Defence and Aviation Minister Prince Sultan, opens the King Faisal Ibn Abdul Aziz Air Force Base Wednesday morning. The ceremony included an air show and practice strafing of ground targets.

Communists in French cabinet cause for concern, Bush says

PARIS, June 24 (R) - U.S. Vice-President George Bush said today the inclusion of four Communists in the new French government under Mr. Francois Mitterrand was "bound to cause concern" among France's allies.

Mr. Bush, on a one-day visit to Paris, was speaking after some three hours of talks with the French president. Earlier in the day, Mr. Mitterrand had chaired the first meeting of the country's first Socialist-Communist coalition cabinet since 1947.

At a press conference also attended by Mr. Bush, the Socialist president said France was a "faithful and loyal ally" of the United States.

Repeating, Mr. Bush said the European allies of the U.S. "are sovereign nations and the decision on how they are governed rests with their citizens and their elected representatives."

Supreme Court casts a cool eye on deal that set hostages free

WASHINGTON, June 24 (A.P.) - Several Supreme Court justices today expressed doubts about the financial bargain that freed the 52 American hostages from Iran.

"The more you read the newspapers, the more doubts you have," said Justice William Rehnquist of the international tribunal that is supposed to decide American claims against Iran.

And when Mr. Rex Lee, the government's solicitor general-designate, told the court that American claimants are "better off" now than they were when then-president Jimmy Carter froze Iranian assets in November 1979, he drew a number of sharp responses.

"That goes to whether it (the hostage accord) was a good deal or not. It doesn't say whether the president had the power to enter into it," Justice John Paul Stevens shot back.

Mr. Lee said the normal principles of international law would help enforce judgments issued by the tribunal, which under the agreement is to take the place of U.S. courts in deciding settlements.

But Justice Potter Stewart drew laughter from the packed courtroom when he said: "Those traditional sources didn't seem to prevail in the seizure of the hostages."

The nine justices of the Supreme Court convened this morning for a rare summer session on the deal that freed the 52 Americans on Jan. 20.

The justices are expected to have a decision in time for a July 19 deadline for transferring about \$2.3 billion in Iranian assets overseas.

At issue is the president's power, under either Congressional law or the Constitution, to enter into the deal, suspend American lawsuits against Iran and force American claimants to litigate their cases before the tribunal.

Falangists must cut ties to Israel, Syrians insist

JEDDAH, June 24 (R) - Four Arab foreign ministers trying to end the bloodshed in Lebanon held a second round of talks here today with Syria demanding they give priority to the issue of the right-wing Falangist militia's links with Israel.

But Saudi Arabia indicated it wanted to concentrate first on disengaging the warring factions in Lebanon, particularly around the eastern city of Zahle where Syrian peacekeeping troops have been besieging the Falangists for 12 weeks.

In Beirut the leftist daily Al Safir quoted Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam as saying: "Nothing can be discussed before the subject of collaboration with Israel is determined."

But the Saudi ambassador to Lebanon, Gen. Ali Shaer, was quoted in Beirut newspapers as saying Zahle posed a "pressing humanitarian problem." He declared: "I saw that Zahle provides the key to a solution."

Peace proposals put to the committee of ministers from Kuwait, Lebanon, Saudi Arabia and Syria by the Lebanese government also appear to give priority to an on-the-ground settlement, according to Beirut press reports.

Government sources in Beirut saw little prospect of the Jeddah meeting finding a long-term peace formula but hoped it would agree on limited security measures.

Progress towards a political settlement has been complicated by a Syrian demand that the Falangists publicly renounce all links with Israel and by a Falangist refusal to do so.

Habib, Wazzan meet. Meanwhile, Mr. Philip Habib, U.S. President Ronald Reagan's special Middle East envoy, conferred with Lebanese Prime Minister Shafiq Al Wazzan today.

Mr. Habib has spent the past 13 days in the Middle East in the second stage of his mission to avert a Syrian-Israeli showdown over Syria's deployment of anti-aircraft missiles in Lebanon.

Jalloud hails Jordan's stand

KUWAIT, June 24 (Petra) - Libyan Maj. Abdul Salam Jalloud says Jordan has been supporting the unity of joint Arab action and is committed to Arab efforts to confront Israel.

Maj. Jalloud, a close aide of Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qadhafi, also said that Jordan, Syria and Iraq have a unique position in confronting Israeli aggression, and that the current Libyan initiative to improve its relations with other Arab countries was basically directed at these three countries.

In an interview with the Kuwaiti newspaper Al Watan he expressed hope that the initiative would have practical and serious results, and also condemned the Israeli strike at the Iraqi nuclear reactor as an international terrorist crime.

The interview was conducted in Amman during Maj. Jalloud's visit earlier this week, during which he met with His Majesty King Hussein before going on to Baghdad.

Saddam's call for atomic aid ruffles feathers in Tel Aviv

TEL AVIV, June 24 (A.P.) - Iraqi President Saddam Hussein has provided new evidence of Baghdad's desire for nuclear weapons to use against Israel, Prime Minister Menachem Begin's spokesman said today.

Spokesman Uri Porat was reacting to President Saddam's declaration to his cabinet yesterday that other countries should help the Arabs acquire nuclear bombs to balance what the Iraqi leader called "the real Israeli atomic bombs."

President Saddam "simply admitted that what we suspected was true," Mr. Porat said. "If you are looking for evidence, this is it. The only thing the Iraqis want is an atomic bomb to use against Israel."



Saddam Hussein

Dayan's warning

Former foreign minister Moshe Dayan said today that Israel was capable of building nuclear weapons, and would do so if the Arabs introduced atomic bombs into the Middle East.

Mr. Dayan made the remarks to an Italian television interviewer. "Israel has the ability to quickly produce nuclear weapons and will do so if the Arabs obtain atomic bombs," Mr. Dayan said.

Israel's own nuclear potential has come under renewed international scrutiny following the reactor raid and Mr. Dayan's remarks were the first since then that confirmed Israel's ability to build atomic weapons.

Mr. Dayan, a former defence minister and military chief with intimate knowledge of Israel's military capabilities, repeated Israel's standard formula that "we will not be the first to introduce nuclear weapons into the Middle East," but added: "We shall also not be too late."

Mr. Dayan said that in all its wars with the Arabs until now, Israel had "never thought of using nuclear weapons, but the picture changes completely when we think of the possibility that leaders like Saddam Hussein and (Libyan leader) Muammar Qadhafi might possess such weapons."

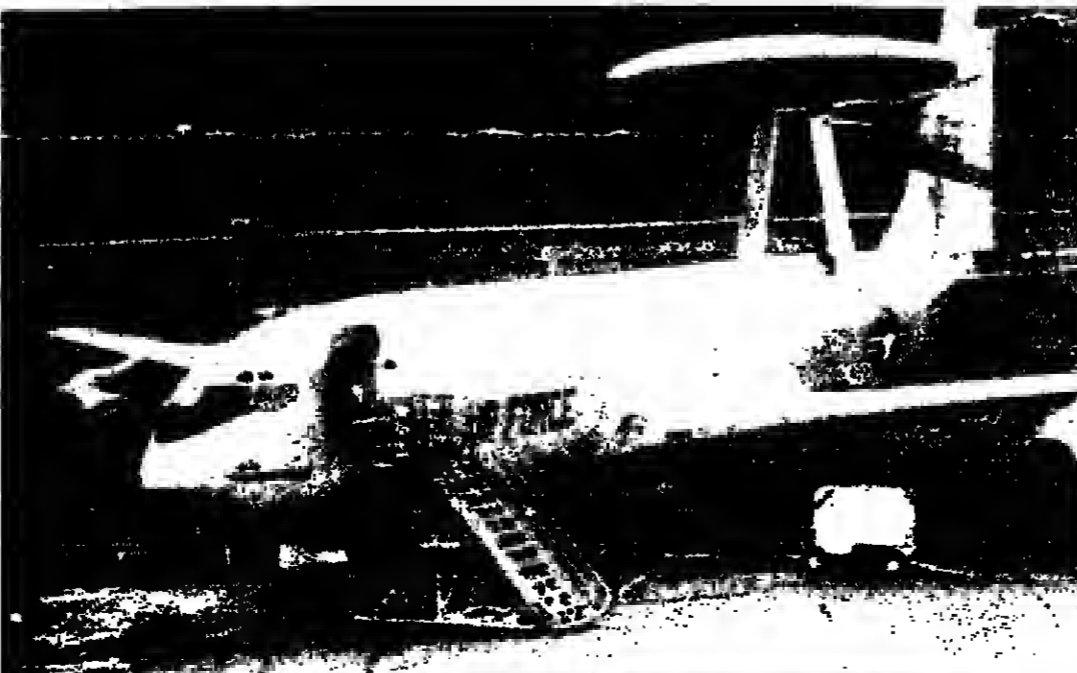
Brazil recalls envoy to Israel

TEL AVIV, June 24 (Agencies) - Brazil's ambassador to Israel, Mr. Vasco Mariz, was recalled today for urgent consultations after allegations that an Israeli secret service official said Brazil supplied Iraq with eight tonnes of uranium, embassy officials said.

Tension in Israeli-Brazilian relations developed after an article was published over the weekend in the Estado de Sao Paulo newspaper saying Mossad agents were the source for a story about alleged Brazilian uranium supplies to Iraq.

Israel has firmly denied that any official of the Mossad intelligence service or any other Israeli official made such a charge. Brazilian government spokesmen have dismissed the allegations as "absurd" and "inventions" and the Brazilian foreign ministry warned that relations with Israel could be harmed by Mossad's efforts to spread slander against Brazil.

Under an agreement signed in January 1980, Brazil is to supply natural and slightly enriched uranium to Iraq in the future, but Brazilian Foreign Minister Ramiro Saraiva Guerreiro said none had yet been exported.



An AWACS radar plane of the type the Saudis want. (AP wirephoto)

# NATIONAL

## Seminar on yoga principles to be held here on Saturday

By Phyllis Hughes  
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, June 24 — The art of relaxing the mind and the body through yoga will be explained at a special seminar on Saturday.

Acharya Valaka—known as Didi, meaning sister—and Acharya Pramardan, called dada or brother, will present the introduction at the Department of Culture and arts theatre in Jabal Luwaidibeh, beginning at 7 p.m.

Both the teachers studied the art of yoga in India before travelling widely to explain their work to others. Currently they are touring the Middle East, where they say interest in yoga has grown enormously.

Acharya Pramardan said: "This is an area which is developing rapidly. With the introduction of new technology come the problems of the modern world.

"People aren't too sure how to cope with these problems and yoga can help."

Both the teachers explain that yoga exercises and meditation can teach "clarity of mind and inner strength." "Therefore problems cease to be problems, but merely obstacles that can be overcome," Valaka said.

During the evening there will be a slide show and lectures on yoga.

"Yoga helps you to be healthier, both physically and mentally," Pramardan said. "It also has the benefit of taking just a few minutes a day if you have had proper instruction."

At the moment there is only one yoga teacher based in Amman—Didi Vidyamayi, who gives lessons at private homes.

"Physical happiness is short-lived; but we want to help people find the inner happiness that exists in every human being," Pramardan said.



Yoga can help one cope with the problems of a rapidly changing world, says Didi Acharya Pramardan.

### NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

#### Tourism committee meets

AMMAN, June 24 (Petra) — The Higher Committee for Tourism today met under His Highness Prince Mohammad. Prince Mohammad asserted that various tourist institutions, including hotels, restaurants, parks and means of transport should render the best services to expatriates and to the tourists who visit Jordan during the summer. The meeting also discussed executive measures pertaining to the recommendations and resolutions of the tourism conference held in Amman in April, in addition to ways to activate tourist and cultural activities in Jordan. The meeting was attended by Minister of Tourism and Antiquities Ma'an Abu Nowar and other members of the committee.

#### Umra Uthaina hotel named

AMMAN, June 24 (Petra) — The Board of Directors of the Hotels and Resthouses Corporation has decided to change the name of the Umra Uthaina hotel to Amra Hotel. The name is derived from the ancient Umraiyad Resthouse and lodge in the eastern desert. The 700-room Amra Hotel, currently under construction, will be completed in October 1981 and will be officially opened in November 1981.

#### New resthouse opens soon

AMMAN, June 24 (Petra) — The Director General of the Jordan Hotels and Resthouses Corporation, Mr. Faridoun Hikmat, has announced that the corporation will open a resthouse at Ibtifina in Ajloun District at the beginning of next month.

#### New archaeology museum designed

AMMAN, June 24 (Petra) — The Department of Antiquities has completed plans and designs for a new Jordanian archaeological museum, to be constructed during the current five-year plan. JD 200,000 has been allocated for this project.

## Camp refugees striving to upgrade environment

By a Special Correspondent

AMMAN — Growing numbers of Palestinian refugees living in camps in Jordan are struggling hard to improve their living conditions and camp environment.

This is reflected by shelter improvements made by the refugees themselves, including the construction of additional rooms to cater for the increases in the members of their families, and connecting their shelters with municipal water and sewerage systems.

Another aspect of the camp refugees' interest in bettering the conditions in the camps displays itself in community projects such as the paving of roads and the construction of surface drains for storm water, which have been carried out jointly by the refugees and the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA).

"We have the desire to participate in additional environmental programmes," refugees in Irbid Camp, where 80 per cent of the roads have been paved, "We know that the agency is financially crippled and that it can do very little in this regard.

We earnestly hope that the agency's efforts will succeed in bringing in more funds so we can enjoy better living conditions."

"I have been doing all my best to ensure a happy life for my family," said an old refugee living in Baq'a Camp, who has just managed, on his meagre

income, to build a bedroom for his addition to the agency shelter they had since 1968.

Another refugee living in a nearby "Look at these cement pavements—wonderful! Now we can walk home without our shoes and clothes with mud on our refugee neighbours who have not contributed to the construction cost of the highways."

A refugee housewife in Amman (Wihdat) happily half fills a cooking water to prepare a meal for her husband. "Isn't it great that we no longer collect water in buckets from distant wells, pointing to the water tap inside her shelter."

On the sewerage projects being carried out by Hussein and Wihdat camps, two refugees comment, "It is a blessing that we can live with the nasty percolation pits."

About two-thirds of the inhabitant camps in Jordan — 150,000 refugees recently benefiting from these projects — another. UNRWA realises the vitality programmes, which constitute an essential environmental sanitation services and to assist, within the limits of its financial resources, the camp refugees in alleviating hardships they experience. (UNRWA



Residents of Baq'a Camp had to slog through the mud (above) until some took it on the instal concrete pavements (below: UNRWA photos).



### C'mon and hear the army band...

AMMAN, June 23 (J.T.) — The Jordanian Armed Forces Band will be "heating the retreat" in honour of all the ministers of youth of the Arab World at Al Hussein Youth City (Sports City) on Monday, June 29 at 5 p.m.

Everyone is welcome, particularly members of the foreign communities, who if they wish to attend should go to their embassies or to the Ministry of Tourism near Third Circle, Jabal Amman, to collect an invitation for the whole family.

Minister of Culture of Youth and Tourism and Antiquities Ma'an Abu Nowar told the Jordan Times: "I recommend everyone to see this event, as the Jordanian Armed Forces Band is recognised to be one of the best in the world."

The band has a new programme, which they have been rehearsing for the last two months.

## Visit to a Jordanian sewage treatment plant

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN, June 24 — The waste water seminar at the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) ended its proceedings today with a visit to a sewage treatment plant at the Alna Housing Project near Na'our.

This particular plant is not yet functional; but it is representative, seminar participants were told, of treatment plants suited to Jordanian conditions.

The plant functions on the principle of aeration, settlement, filtration and then disinfection of the waste water. The collected sewage is aerated in large tanks and then pumped into tanks where it is left to settle. After settlement the supernatant water is filtered through sand and the resultant water is then chlorinated.

In this case, the treated water is discharged into the municipal sewerage system; but others, cases could be dumped in wadis or other water-receiving bodies. The sludge remaining in the settlement tank is pumped out onto drying beds. When dry it is removed for agricultural uses.

The RSS seminar served as an initiator of further studies and discussion on the waste water problem in Jordan. This was the first seminar of its kind and it is hoped that it will be the start of a series of similar events as the subject of waste water develops further.

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مكتبة الأمل

# Medical Corporation lays plans for an advanced private hospital

### The Jordan Medical Corporation's hospital will have facilities for everything from heart surgery to gynaecology, and even a helicopter ambulance service. Phyllis Hughes reports

AMMAN — A private, 300-bed hospital is to be built here by the Jordan Medical Corporation (JMC). Construction companies have been invited to complete pre-qualification documents for the \$8 million project, planned to be one of the most advanced in the Middle East, which will be built on a 40-dunum site on the airport road three kilometres from Sports City.

JMC Director General Khaleel also said his corporation hoped the hospital would meet the highest international standards. "Our aim is to attract private business from the Gulf states," he said. "At the moment most people travel to Europe or the States for medical care. I believe we can provide equally good hospital care in Amman."

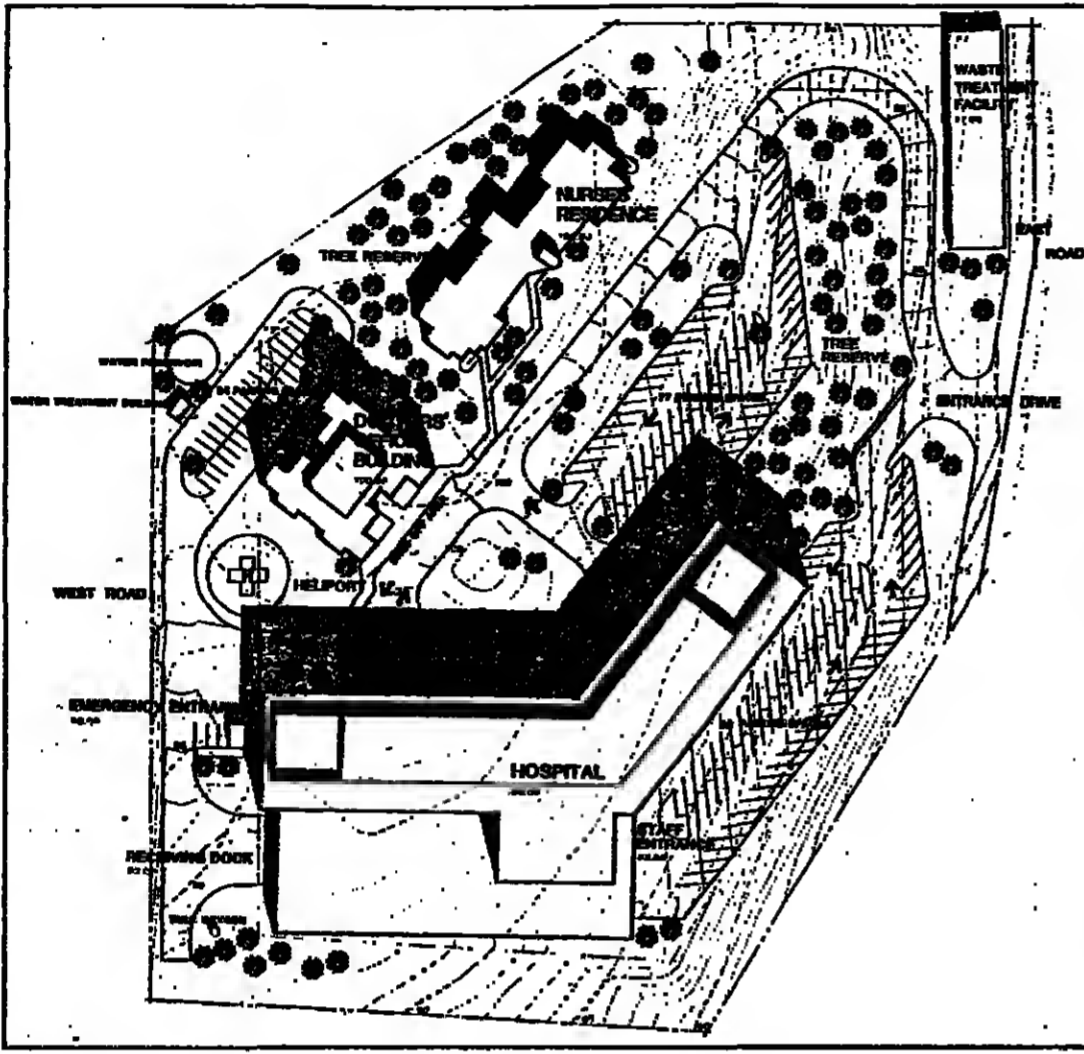
The hospital has been designed by American architects Hensington, Durham and Richardson International. Their plans for the site include private rooms for 150 patients, two suites, four operating theatres, two delivery rooms, an intensive care unit, laundry, cafeteria, four X-ray rooms, a nuclear medicine unit. The hospital will be built on two levels, and will include four floors in the 16,000-square-metre accommodation. The building will be fully air conditioned.

On the same landscaped site will be administrative offices, offices for doctors and a four-storey residence.

Around 12 companies will be invited to submit bids for the site, which will start at the beginning of 1982. Construction is expected to take two years.

Mr. Besso explained that the architects were currently drawing details for the equipment to be used in the deluxe hospital.

"We want the very best equipment that is available," he said. "The hospital accounts and records will be fully computerised,



Design for the JMC's new hospital, to be named after the late Queen Alia and the latest technology will be used in equipment. Patients will stay in comfortable rooms, all fitted with television and telephone. They will have bedside coosoles so that they can switch on the television or call a nurse at the press of a button.

The project is the first for the Jordan Medical Corporation which was set up in 1979 with a view to improving medical standards here. The company has 24,000 shareholders and a capital of JD 5 million, although extra financing of JD 4 million is being sought from outside sources.

#### Helicopter ambulance

One special provision will be a helicopter ambulance service, so that people living in remote areas can be flown in quickly for emergency treatment. This service will be the first of its kind in Jordan.

The corporation also plans to set up its own blood bank to ensure a sufficient supply of the rarer types of blood.

The company is negotiating to provide beds at the hospital for private firms who give their employees staff medical insurance.

Also on the site will be the hospital's own sewage plant, where waste will be recycled and the water used to nourish shrubs and plants. Stand-by generators will be installed to ensure an electricity supply for vital equipment.

A bed at the hospital will go for the current government-fixed rate of JD 18 a day. This compares with around \$300 a day in America.

The JMC is also examining the possibility of building a factory to supply disposable medical equipment such as syringes and sheets. To be feasible, the factory would have to produce 60 million syringes a year — with the annual requirement in Jordan at only 6-7 million.

"We are now convinced that such a factory is feasible, and if it is set up it would be the first of its kind in the Middle East," Mr. Besso said. "We could export our goods to other parts of the area."

"At the moment all such items have to be imported."

## People... in the news

### THE DAUGHTER OF Princess Fahrelnissa Zaid, Mrs. Shirin Dourim Trainer, is a woman of the theatre — she is an actress, a director, a delegate to international theatre conferences, a costume designer and more; and in this field she has achieved much: both in her native Turkey and in what is now her home, America.

Mrs. Trainer is staying in Amman with her mother and her brother, Prince Ra'ed bin Zaid. This marks her sixth visit to the country — her first visit was 16 years ago. She is full of enthusiasm at the development of the city itself, and the way many people here give so much of their time and money to helping the less fortunate — a tradition that springs from one of the tenets of the Koran, and one which became part of the culture here long before the West developed the idea as part of its scheme of ethics, noted Mrs. Trainer.

Mrs. Trainer attributes most of her considerable success on the stage to her early upbringing, which was in an atmosphere that "respected, above all, all things intellectual and artistic." As a child she lived and went to school in Berlin, Baghdad, and finally Roberts College in Turkey, where she made her debut as Queen Clytemnestra in Sophocles' "Electra"; a debut which caused one critic to comment "another one" — a reference no doubt to the fact that she was a talent like her mother.

Determined to make it on her own merits, Mrs. Trainer left Turkey to study another consuming passion — international affairs — at Barnet College. After becoming increasingly involved with

the theatre group there, she went on to complete three years in the drama school at Yale University. In 1959 she returned to Turkey to direct and act in plays for the Istanbul Municipal Theatres, where against tremendous male opposition, derision and disbelief she became — virtually overnight and on her own strength, faith and talent — the leading Turkish actor and director.

After returning to America in 1966 Mrs. Trainer was asked, because of her by then considerable professional experience, to become a professor of drama by Carnegie and Stanford Universities. This in turn led to the possession of the famous "green card", which allowed Mrs. Trainer to join the American actors' union and so back to the stage again. She became the first Turkish Muslim to act in the States.

Since then Mrs. Trainer has played all kinds of roles, from comedy to the Greek tragedies, in theatres like the Tyrone Guthrie and the Milwaukee Repertory; and only last year she played leading roles in yet another three plays.

### SUNLIGHT filtered through the greenery on a warm, clear afternoon on Wednesday as Spanish Ambassador Don Luis de Padrosa and First Secretary Jaime Ponga welcomed an array of guests drawn from Amman's business, diplomatic and journalism communities to the celebration of the birthday anniversary of Spain's King Juan Carlos.

As guests mingled and renewed acquaintances over the delicious cups of cold *gaspacho*, a much-discussed topic was the king's recent run-in with a plate glass window. His injuries were not, however, terribly serious, *Cultural Attache Jose Luis de la Presilla* said. This kind of accident can happen to anybody, he remarked: "It happens in the best of families!"

MANY of the same guests, as well as numerous others, reappeared in the ballroom at the Holiday Inn in the evening, for a reception hosted by Director General of Antiquities Adnan Hadidi in honour of outgoing American Centre of Oriental Research (ACOR) director Dr. James Sauer and his successor, Dr. David McCreery.

Many of the guests — mostly Jordanian and American historians and archaeologists — are already acquainted with Dr. McCreery from the work he has done in helping prepare the Antiquities Department's five-year plan. But the new director said he is still finding his legs in Jordan, and has a lot to learn.

# JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

### JORDAN TELEVISION FOR THURSDAY

**CANAL 1**

- 10:00 Koran
- 10:05 Cartoons
- 10:10 Children's Programme
- 10:15 Programme Preview
- 10:20 Local Competition
- 10:25 Programme
- 10:30 News in Arabic
- 10:35 Arabic Series
- 10:40 Local programme
- 10:45 Arabic Play
- 10:50 News in Arabic
- 11:00 Cont. of Arabic Play

**CANAL 2**

- 19:30 French Programme
- 19:35 News in French
- 19:40 News in Hebrew
- 19:45 Muppet Show
- 19:50 Feather and Father
- 19:55 News in English
- 20:00 Movie of the Week: (Elephant Man)

7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:05	Pop Session
11:00	Signing off
12:50	News Headlines
13:00	Pop Session
13:05	News Summary
13:10	News
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	Meo from the Ministry
15:00	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
16:05	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Melody Time
17:30	Pop Session
18:30	News Summary
18:35	Jordan in History
18:40	Special Feature
19:00	News Desk
19:30	Music
20:30	Evening Show
21:00	News Summary
21:05	Evening Show
22:00	Sign off

08:30	John Peel
09:00	World News; British Press Review
09:15	The World Today
09:30	Financial News
09:40	Rock Salad
09:45	Winbleton Report
10:30	My Music
11:00	World News: News about Britain
11:15	A Composer Speaks
11:30	Business Matters
12:00	Radio Newsreel
12:15	Top Twenty
12:45	Sports Round-up
13:00	World News; 24 Hours News Summary
13:30	Network U.K.
13:45	The Pleasure's Yours
14:30	Assignment
15:00	Radio Newsreel
15:15	Outlook
16:00	World News; Commentary
16:15	The World Today
17:00	World News
17:09	Meridian
17:40	Waveguide
17:45	Sports Round-up
18:00	World News: News about Britain
18:15	Radio Newsreel
18:30	Brain of Britain
19:00	Outlook; News Summary; Stock Market Report
19:45	Look Ahead
19:55	Report on Religion
20:00	World News; 24 Hours News Summary
20:30	A Jolly Good Show
21:15	Winbleton Report
21:30	Business Matters
22:00	World News: The World Today
22:25	Book Choice
22:30	Financial News
22:40	Reflections
22:45	Sports Round-up
23:00	World News; Commentary
23:15	Merchant Navy
23:30	Meridian

### DEPARTURES

9:30	Cairo (EA)
8:45	Cairo
8:55	Aqaba
9:20	Damascus
9:40	Jeddah
9:50	Muscat, Dubai
9:55	Doha, Bahrain
9:55	Beirut
10:00	Dhahran
10:05	Abu Dhabi
11:05	Riyadh (SV)
11:40	Cairo (EA)
11:45	Rawalpindi (BA)
13:35	Larnaca
15:35	Kuwait (KAC)
16:30	Amsterdam (KLM)
16:30	Cairo
17:00	Aqaba
17:15	Chicago, N. York, Vienna
17:25	London (BA)
17:55	Cairo
18:30	Rome
19:10	Cairo (EA)
20:00	Beirut (MEA)
23:00	Cairo (EA)
23:55	Baghdad
01:00	Cairo

### DEPARTURES

7:00	Beirut
7:00	Beirut, Athens
8:30	Beirut (MEA)
8:55	Amsterdam
9:25	Beirut (MEA)
10:00	Frankfurt
11:00	Cairo
11:15	Vienna, N. York, Houston
12:30	Copenhagen, Athens
14:00	Cairo
18:30	Benghazi, Tripoli
19:15	Kuwait
19:30	Damascus
20:00	Baghdad
20:00	Cairo
20:35	Abu Dhabi
21:35	Dubai, Karachi
21:45	Dhahran
24:25	Cairo (EA)

### FOR FRIDAY

**DOCTORS:**

Amman:	63273
Khaldoun:	62315
Al Mahd:	37312

**PHARMACIES:**

Amman:	23672
Al Salam:	36730
Al Udaima:	81520
Ibn Sina:	25403
Basman:	23784

### CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre:	41520
British Council:	36147-8
French Cultural Centre:	37009
Goethe Institute:	41993
Soviet Cultural Centre:	4203
Spanish Cultural Centre:	24049
Turkish Cultural Centre:	39777
Haya Arts Centre:	65195
Husseini Youth City:	67181
Y.W.C.A.:	41793
Y.W.M.A.:	64251
Amman Municipal Library:	36111
University of Jordan Library:	84355/84366

### MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9:00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 23316

Popular Life of Jordan Museums: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m.) Closed on Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th century orientalist artists. Munatah, Jabal Lweibdeh. Opening hours: 10:00 a.m. - 1:30 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128

### JORDAN TELEVISION FOR FRIDAY

**CANAL 1**

- 7:00 Sign on
- 7:01 Morning Show
- 7:30 News Bulletin
- 7:40 Morning Show
- 10:00 News Summary
- 10:05 Pop Session
- 11:00 Listeners' Choice
- 12:00 News Headlines
- 12:05 Pop Session
- 13:00 News Summary
- 13:05 Arabic Series
- 13:43 Castaways
- 14:00 Soccer
- 14:10 Science and Life
- 14:30 Chips
- 15:00 In Concert
- 15:00 Concert Hour
- 16:00 News Summary
- 16:05 Instrumentals
- 16:30 Old Favourites
- 17:00 Soul Spectrum
- 18:00 News Summary
- 18:05 Top Twenty
- 19:00 News Desk
- 19:30 World of Arabian Music
- 20:00 Andalusia
- 20:30 Special Feature
- 21:00 Jazz Hour
- 22:00 Sign off

**CANAL 2**

- 03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, pop music, features, listeners' questions, 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses, 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "The Making of a Nation," 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses, 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters, 20:00 Special English: news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses.

### FOR FRIDAY

7:00	Sign on
7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:05	Pop Session
11:00	Listeners' Choice
12:00	News Headlines
12:05	Pop Session
13:00	News Summary
13:05	Arabic Series
13:43	Castaways
14:00	Soccer
14:10	Science and Life
14:30	Chips
15:00	In Concert
15:00	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
16:05	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Soul Spectrum
18:00	News Summary
18:05	Top Twenty
19:00	News Desk
19:30	World of Arabian Music
20:00	Andalusia
20:30	Special Feature
21:00	Jazz Hour
22:00	Sign off

### CHANGES FOR FRIDAY

13:30 What If... 20:30 Act One 21:45 Letter from London 23:30 The Adventures of Harry Richmond

### DEPARTURES

3:30	Cairo
5:45	Frankfurt (LH)
6:00	Beirut, Amsterdam (KLM)
7:00	Aqaba
7:00	Damascus
7:15	Beirut
8:55	Cairo (EA)
9:00	Rome (Alitalia)
9:25	Beirut (MEA)
9:45	Paris (AF)
10:10	Rome
10:30	Larnaca
11:00	Vienna, N. York, Chicago
11:15	Athens, Madrid
11:20	Tripoli, Tunis
11:30	Cairo
11:45	Geneva, Brussels
12:00	London
12:05	Riyadh (SV)
12:20	Frankfurt
12:20	Geneva, Zurich (SR)
12:30	Paris
12:40	Cairo (EA)
12:45	London (BA)
13:00	Cairo
15:00	Aqaba
16:30	Kuwait (KAC)
18:00	Baghdad (IAI)
19:20	Dhahran
19:30	Kuwait
19:45	Baghdad
20:00	Cairo
20:30	Abu Dhabi, Dubai
20:30	Cairo (EA)
01:00	Cairo

### EMERGENCIES FOR THURSDAY

**DOCTORS:**

Amman:	63111
Abdulqadir Al Lala:	56046
Abdulsalam Al Muhesiri:	77333

**ZARQA:**

Musa Taba Odeh:	82049
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**IRBID:**

Saeed Dalmash:	273772656
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**PHARMACIES:**

Amman:	36730
Al Salam:	81520
Grand:	64511
Al Asmah:	37055
Barjawi:	(-)

**ZARQA:**

Al Hadeetha:	(-)
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**IRBID:**

Muramar:	(-)
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**TAXIS:**

Venicia:	44584
Al Najah:	23039

### SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Philadelphia Club: Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1:30 p.m.

Lions Amman Club: Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1:30 p.m.

Rotary Club: Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00 p.m.

### USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Ambulance (government):	75111
Civil Defence rescue:	61111
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency):	36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency):	37111-3
Police headquarters:	39141
Najdah roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken):	21111, 37777
24 hours a day for emergency:	92205/92206
Airport information (ALIA):	73111
Jordan Television:	74111
Radio Jordan:	74111

### MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes:	80	50
Eggplant:	170	150
Potatoes (imported):	130	90
Marrow (small):	130	90
Marlow (large):	70	50
Cucumber (small):	250	300
Cucumber (large):	160	100
Fagous:	100	80
Peas:	370	320
Okra (Green):	370	340
Okra (Red):	180	120
Muloukhiyah:	90	50
Hot Green Pepper:	380	300
Cabbage:	170	90
Onions (dry):	80	70
Garlic:	160	100
Carrots:	90	70
Potatoes (local):	140	100

### RADIO JORDAN

5 KHZ, AM & 98 MHz, FM FOR THURSDAY

Sign on

Morning Show

News Bulletin

### BBC WORLD SERVICE FOR THURSDAY & FRIDAY

639, 720, 1413 Khz

G.M.T. 04:00 Newdesk 04:30 Winbleton Report 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 Music from Scotland 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newdesk 06:30 Nature Notebook 06:40 The Farming World 07:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 Serenade 07:45 Network U.K. 08:00 World News; Reflections 08:15

### AMMAN AIRPORT FOR THURSDAY

**ARRIVALS:**

5:30	Jeddah (SV)
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### FOR FRIDAY

**ARRIVALS:**

7:55	Cairo (EA)
8:30	Jeddah
8:55	Aqaba
9:15	Kuwait
9:20	Beirut

# Jordan Times

Responsible Editor: **MUHAMMAD AMAD**  
 Editor: **ASHRAF KHOURI**  
 Managing Editor: **MAAZ D. SHUFAIR**  
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## Let's see

THE INCLUSION of communist ministers in the new French cabinet of Premier Pierre Mauroy should not evoke as great an outcry as it probably will in the Western world. History shows that political incumbency is a moderating experience that usually saps the stridency from the extremists of both ends of the spectrum. There are a few exceptions to the rule that political responsibility brings with it a powerful measure of temperance and decorum, the three most noteworthy being Israel, South Africa and Kampuchea. The case of the communists in France, however, is a different one altogether. The majority of Europeans who vote for communist parties do not do so out of a deep commitment to the ideological tenets of communism, but rather because they see in the communist movement a potentially effective way to show their opposition to the policies of the incumbent government. The true power of the communists in France is best reflected in the progressively poor showing they made at the three polls during the past two months, dropping to around ten per cent of the electorate, from a previous 20 per cent.

The danger that now lurks is that the intemperate anti-communism of the Reagan administration will not be able to differentiate between the indigenous French element in the role of the communists in the French government, on the one hand, and the French communists' being only an extension of Soviet policy, on the other. Any president who is silly enough to justify the Israeli bombing of the Iraqi nuclear reactor on the grounds that Iraq does not recognise Israel, as Mr. Reagan has done, is likely to argue that France should be held at arm's length within the Western alliance for including communists in its government. That would be hasty and unwise. It seems appropriate to let the French communists show their colours, which we suspect are French through and through.

## ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

**AL RA'I:** Clearly, the proposal made by Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev to limit the arms race and avoid threatening world peace implies important connotations which refute U.S. claims that the region is threatened by the Soviet danger, and hence should be the central issue to preoccupy the region.

Brezhnev's assurances, emphasising that the Soviet Union has no aggressive designs or intentions toward any Western or Eastern countries should be considered with respect. However, it is not these assurances alone which refute the U.S. claims of the so-called Soviet threat. U.S. practices themselves have already effectively repudiated these claims.

It is common knowledge that U.S. aircraft and bombs were used to attack the Iraqi nuclear reactor as well as the provocative U.S. information, as Begin revealed 2 days ago.

Moreover, the United States brandished its veto to shield Israel from punishment by the Security Council. It boasted, and continues to boast, that U.S. aid to Israel will not be affected in spite of what has happened.

U.S. money and grants enable Israel to continue its aggressive settlement policy in the occupied Arab Land. The Arabs and the rest of the world are familiar with all of these facts and with the fact that it is the United States that is seeking to achieve military superiority in the region through Israel. In spite of all this, the United States then tries to intimidate the Arabs; whom it has often attacked with its arm, Israel, with the Soviet threat and asks them to meekly join its umbrella. This will never happen.

The Arabs no longer consider the United States as a mere ally of Israel, but as an enemy which strikes at them with its Israeli arm.

The Arabs, who have determined to keep their region away from international conflicts feel that it is their duty to confront the U.S. umbrella to keep the region away from harm.

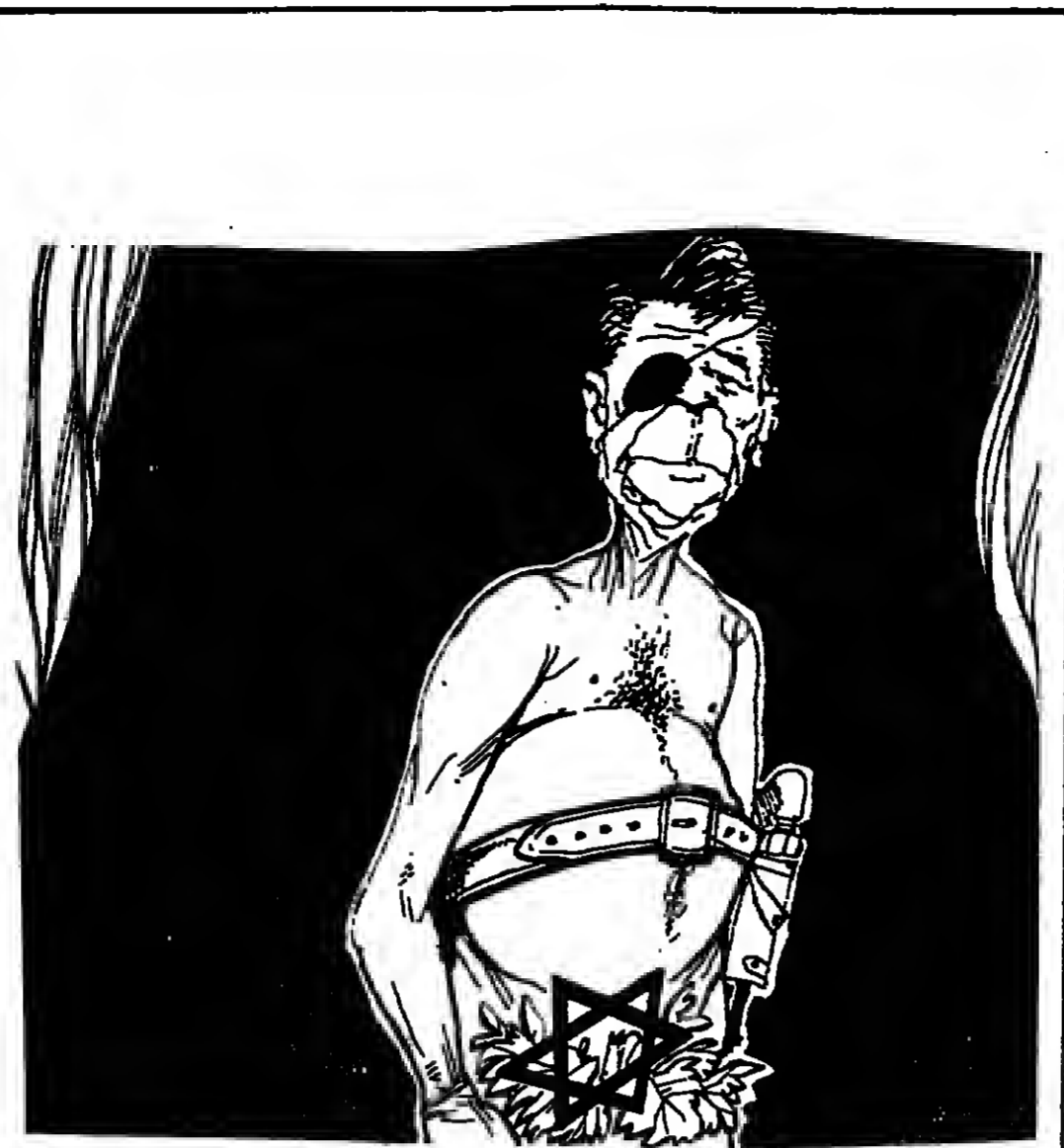
The conclusion to be drawn from U.S. practices is that it is U.S. aggression against us rather than the alleged Soviet threat to us that is the source of our misery. It is this U.S. aggression which all the Arabs must confront, resist and deter as well as cut down to size the Israeli arm with which it imposes its arrogance and evil.

**AL DUSTOUR:** The European arena is one of the feasible alternatives open to the Arabs if they decide to conclude their relations with the United States because of its open plotting with the Zionist enemy. In spite of this fact, Arab initiative to develop the new European tendencies in favour of the Arabs are still very unsatisfactory.

The Arabs lost an opportunity which may never present itself again by failing to take advantage of German and French National feelings, which were running very high because of Begin's provocative attacks and slanders against the French and German Leaders whom he tried to hold responsible for pogroms of Jews in Europe. As usual, the Arabs were slack and gave Israel the opportunity of calming the situation, which otherwise could have been an important turning point in the European stand toward Israel.

When Francois Mitterrand became president of France, the Arabs were overwhelmed by his pro-Israeli statements and made no attempts to create rapprochement with the new French leadership, which is ruled by party considerations and is not merely subject to Mitterrand's statements and stands. French policy is also governed by the overall European stand, which will emerge more clearly during the EEC summit conference in Brussels at the end of the month. Moreover, British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington is about to become chairman of the EEC Council of Ministers. Lord Carrington is well-known for his balanced views and his receptivity for the Arab and Palestinian stands.

Such developments are positive indications of which the Arabs must take advantage with all their abilities and resources to further develop them into concrete measures for the achievement of a just, durable peace in the Middle East.



Al Rai Al Aam Kuwait

# Israel's deadly nuclear game

**EDITOR'S NOTE:** The following is the text of a statement made by the permanent representative of Jordan to the United Nations, Dr. Hazem Nus-Steib, before the U.N. Security Council on June 12, 1981 on the Israeli attack on the Iraqi nuclear reactor on June 7.

**Mr. President:**

As this is my first appearance before the Security Council this month, I wish to extend to you, distinguished Ambassador Porfirio Munoz Ledo, my heartiest congratulations on your assumption of the Presidency of this esteemed council. Your exemplary record in the councils of our United Nations has earned you the esteem, the friendship and the distinction which you so richly deserve as one of the most accomplished and versatile statesmen, in the best traditions of friendly Mexico's fearless fidelity to the Charter, to human freedom and dignity and to amity amongst nations.

May I wish you, Mr. President, all success in your arduous task.

I should also wish to pay tribute to your distinguished predecessor Ambassador Masahiro Niisibori of friendly Japan for the outstanding manner in which he had handled the duties of this high office during the month of May.

The Security Council is in session today under a very dark, ominous and menacing cloud. Perhaps, in years to come, this meeting may well be evaluated as one of the Security Council's most momentous meetings for the profound consequences with which it is inescapably fraught, not only for the future peace and stability of the Middle East, but far beyond. There are so many ramifications to the perfidious aggression against the Osirak nuclear research site in Baghdad as to make it impelling for the Security Council to be seized with a fundamental stocktaking, pertaining to the continued survival of an international order governed by international law or its demise.

Is it to be supplanted by the criminal lawlessness and international terrorism which has been the hallmark of Israeli policy, before and since its inception more than three decades ago. The expanded Israel of 1947-1948, was not baptised by the holy waters of the River Jordan but by the blood of innocent defenceless civilians in the mass massacres of men, women and children at Deir Yassin west of Jerusalem, and many other towns and villages throughout Palestine; the blowing-up of defenceless homes and hotels such as Samir and the King David with victims buried under the debris now all but forgotten and unnamed; the slaying of Lord Moyne, British Minister of State in Cairo in the midst of a global war; and British soldiers off-duty hanged and dangled from the branches of trees, or a venerable Count Bernadotte, assassinated in cold blood in the hallowed streets of Jerusalem, while serving as United Nations mediator in the pursuit of justice and peace.

The Palestinian and Lebanese peoples have seen their countries and civilians devastated by ruthless and indiscriminate attacks by sea, air and on the ground in the name of Israeli security. It is to be hoped that those who claim to be concerned about international terrorism, will read the thick compendium of Israeli systematic terrorism to realise who is the foremost terrorist in the world.

These foul deeds which had initiated and nurtured terrorism as a deliberate instrument of policy, are but the genesis of an unsatiated record of overt and covert acts of aggression unique in their consistency and diversity. There is only one difference between yesterday and today. The sticks of legitimate and dynamic which tore to shreds innocent and unarmed civilians and brought about their dispersal have since been heightened by the deadly appurtenances of modern technology.

Surprised by the sneak attack on Iraq and the violation of the air space in depth of Jordan and Saudi Arabia?

Not at all, for an aggressive and expansionist Israel, this falls within its axiomatic norms of conduct. And besides, it has been foretold by many an expert observer a long, long while ago.

Daunted that a small scientific research centre, with a few pounds of uranium fuel manifestly for peaceful purposes, should have been largely or totally incapacitated?

Not at all, for no power in the world can stop the inexorable scientific progress of humankind in sciences, in the humanities and in all other fields of knowledge. The Israelis in their hour of misguided exhilaration and euphoria, should know, if they don't, that for countless centuries, Iraq had been a beacon of civilisation and culture, for the whole world. They can never be wanting or thwarted in scientific and technological advancement.

The Israelis know perfectly well that the attack on the small scientific reactor, under international inspection and control -- an inspection which had taken place earlier this year -- was never intended for other than peaceful purposes and scientific progress. The production of atomic bombs does not require the existence of a small and controlled nuclear reactor. A small quantity of plutonium could produce a bomb or bombs, if a country wills, as a student from Princeton demonstrated some three years ago.

Iraq, as we all know, has signed and ratified the non-proliferation treaty, in good faith and has subjected all its facilities to close international inspection and scrutiny. What then is the real casualty of Israel's audacious aggression? It is no less than the sanctity of the non-proliferation treaty itself. The esteemed Security Council is all too familiar with the incessant pleas and urgings of numerous non-atomic states for practical and effective guarantees by the major powers against nuclear threats and blackmail. The billions of human beings around the world will not forfeit their freedom and security or live in the shadow of nuclear destruction by international arch-terrorists which is what Menachem Begin and his clique have all along been. Armed to the hilt by a huge arsenal of atomic weaponry and the sophisticated systems to deliver them, all the states of the Middle East have been brutally alerted to this awesome fact and will no doubt be exploring all available options, hopefully through the Security Council, but if it should fail, by all other available means -- whether through political alignments or self-reliance. This may very well someday, somehow put the Middle East region on the collision course of a nuclear holocaust. This is the message of the June 7 aggression against Baghdad. It is a warlike act and should be dealt with in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter.

Israel, has over more than a decade, tenaciously refused to subscribe to the non-proliferation treaty and has kept its nuclear atom bomb reactors ex-communicated even to its greatest benefactors without whose incalculable assistance, it would not be in a position to trample upon the peace and security of the world, as it is doing today. Even senior senators like Howard Baker were refused access to the Dimona or demon nuclear plant.

The explanation is anything but difficult. For the crux of the matter is that as far back as 1950 -- and this was a conscious and calculated decision of intent -- the Israeli leadership had determined to pursue the nuclear option, in pursuit of a carefully laid-down policy of territorial expansion, political blackmail and hegemony in its manifold manifestations. An atomic energy commission was established, accountable directly to the prime minister, with the avowed purpose of assiduously working towards the acquisition of nuclear power.

I had written an editorial in that same year in one of our leading newspapers in Jerusalem, Al-Difa', warning of the dangerous long-term consequences of Israel's pursuit of this goal. Several warnings were given to various concerned governments in the mid-60's when incontrovertible evidence became available to my government that Israel had reached a threshold capability. And yet Israel's determination to surge ahead was met with belittling condescension and compromised by the special United States-Israel relationship essentially anchored in domestic political imperatives.

You should have seen Senator Cranston the day following the unabashed aggression and while the rest of the world was unanimous in condemnation, defending poor tiny Israel for its perfidious attack. He might have bought a little crib for his pampered child, already the sixth or seventh nuclear state. In a special dispatch for the Christian Science Monitor, Thursday, June 4, 1981, its correspondent in Jerusalem Abraham Rabinovitch had this to say:

# RED & BLACK

## Reverse the Argument

By Jawad Ahr

IT IS AMAZING for one who has the chance to travel in Europe and the USA these days to see how people there talk of their economic problems. Their mood is very much similar to the western textbook's description of the attitudes in developing countries. People are willing to accept very little blame, project on others and take an almost mundanely fatalistic approach to the future.

A talkative taxi driver in London said to me while he was driving me from London to Heathrow airport: "Look governor, all cars are Japanese. You got a believe they are smart, those Japanese. The English our industry is in a bad mess. The Japanese are taking everything -- cars, cameras, watches, electronics, textiles, ships -- everything. We cannot beat them, you know, Mrs. Thatcher is trying. She is honest. But no, she is not going to make it. They probably will not let her."

The British in general believe that what Mrs. Margaret Thatcher is doing is right. They also respect her fortitude. Yet, she is accused by some of being a theoretician. A successful Scottish businessman, who owns a baby dolls and games factory, said in pain: "Her austerity plans might prove to be very costly to us. If Mr. Foot takes over -- Oh God forbid -- he will overreact and compound our economic problems."

What Mrs. Thatcher is doing is pushing the British industry to economics and resort to cost-saving techniques. She is setting the example in government by trimming to minimum shape every redundant government expenditure item. As a result, the biggest waste is in the excessive use of labour and modern techniques which add to the cost of production without reducing the cost of wages.

The obvious result of such a policy is the rise in the rate of unemployment. This is why the U.K. government is trying to expand its market abroad, including the entrance into consultative contracts which can use British personnel. Yet should this policy continue to its ultimate end, it is going to lead to a new migratory wave from the U.K. to its natural allies in the USA, Australia, South Africa and Zimbabwe (Rhodesia).

While sitting in a restaurant, a white Rhodesian couple came and sat at a table close to mine. The couple struck a conversation with the waitress, who was Irish and came from a large family. They gave her their card and asked her to contact them, and promised her that she, or any member of the family, would find ample job opportunities should they seek employment in Salisbury. This story could be a precedent, or could be an organised, unnoticed ploy to enhance the migration of the white unemployment of the U.K. to better fit very obvious aims.

All in all, the present mood which I came while in the U.K. is that many people just did not care. Empty bank shelves failed to draw attention rising problem of employment.

The same taxi driver "You know, Arabs come and still wear their 'Why? If you are in Rome, the Romans do. What I do with that oil money know, Governor, that oil in the North Sea has nothing to us. Where say you come from?" dan," the answer came. "You poor as we are, but going up. We are going, he said."

John Stewart Mill a same thing about the about 120 years ago, with elegance and sophistry. Could the taxi driver better intuition than A

"The possible need to go nuclear, rarely talked about publicly in Israel before, has been raised with increasing frequency in the past few months. The centre for strategic studies at Tel Aviv University, headed by former army intelligence chief Aharon Yariy is presently completing a study on the subject. Dayan told a closed political forum recently that Israel might consider the nuclear option because of the arms race."

In 1968, the U.S. secretary of state, Mr. Dean Rusk, declared and I quote:

The spread of nuclear weapons would aggravate our difficulties in maintaining friendly relations with parties to a continuing dispute. If one party went nuclear we might have to decide whether to help the other party, directly or through security assurances, whether to sever economic aid to the country acquiring atomic weapons, or whether to stand aside, even though the result might be a war which would be hard to contain."

His analysis is as valid and rational today as it was when he made it thirteen years ago. Condemnations will hardly assuage the genuine apprehensions of the 150 million people of the region faced with mortal danger for their very survival. They have no reason or interest in fighting phantom enemies, but they have every reason to fight Phantom and F-15 and F-16 planes which are showering death and destruction upon their lands.

It is time for the United States and others to take full cognizance of this fact, and to sever all forms of assistance as provided for under Chapter VII of the Charter, in response to a blatant act of aggression which is before us for all to see. Failing that, the peoples of the Middle East will be left with no alternative but to regard the donors of the enormous assistance to the dangerous gunman at large as accessory after the crime of aggression.

Begin has stated defiantly that he could not care less for American condemnation or Arab threats. One day he will discover that Arab security can never be compromised without the most serious consequences, and at any rate this is our own problem which we must and will resolve. As for his disdain for American condemnation, it should be an acid test of the United States freedom to decide what is in its best interests and the ability to act accordingly.

During the past several years the lines have been grotesquely blurred as to what is an American decision and what is an Israeli penchant drawing upon the unbounded resources of a great power.

Indeed, all of us at the United Nations are facing one of those turning points on issues which strike at the heart of the United Nations system. Can we tolerate an international order, in which one state arrogates unto itself, in total disdain of the Charter, the right to commit a flagrant and confessed armed aggression against another state on totally spurious grounds of subjective superiority -- as Begin, the arch-terrorist describes them -- so-called legitimate self-defence? What kind of a self-defence imperative, particularly coming from a country which intelligence experts estimate is already in possession of a huge arsenal of atomic and hydrogen bombs? Is any country entitled to commit aggression in order to maintain a monopoly of the weapons of mass destruction and blackmail hundreds of millions of people to submission or annihilation?

There are already more than thirty states who have, in varying degrees, atomic energy programmes for peaceful purposes. Are they going to stop their scientific and economic progress because Menachem Begin does not like the faces or the policies of their governmental leaders who refuse to condone aggression, expansion and occupation? And yet this is the loud message which the sneak raid on Baghdad and his almost daily utterances are sending to the world. He has declared audaciously that he would perpetrate similar operations not only against Iraq, but elsewhere. In his mendacity, he would not mind attacking perhaps India or Pakistan for being staunchly supportive of Arab and Palestinian rights. And if

what I have said seems too incredible to this is how an official in Prime Minister Begin's administration put it with a wry smile as published in the New York Times, Thursday, June 11, 1981

"If Begin had been President of the Uni instead of Truman in 1949, there would arms race."

What he, of course, means is that he would atom bomb the 250 million citizens of the United Nations to annihilation. I don't think nuclear people would be terribly amused, dangerous, criminal advice, not then today! This is a code for world destruction for legitimate self-defence.

But he has so far spared the Peoples of China from his wrath and his vindictive self-defence and severe bounds withstanding its unflinching support of Palestinian rights. Perhaps his atomic sl not yet large enough to take all those to adversaries at once. But it surely reveals concept of self-defence and legitimate self-defence.

The Israeli Prime Minister did not return June from lecturing America to mind its iness. He said:

"We do not accept America or any other advise us as to how we should use our If this is the case why does he draw or to accept American armaments and millions of assistance without which his city would be cut to size. Or does he think d ricia is a part of his domain? Or has he a unilaterally the U.S.-Israel arms agree 1952?"

The use of force and the threat of force are the core of the Charter have been advocated as an appropriate instrument. The non-proliferation treaty with all its emotional safeguards have been practiced used as an instrument to regulate the uses of nuclear energy. The concept of boundaries has as a first step been extended a thousand kilometres, beyond the territories. Begin is confronting the war total break-down of the United Nations.

If this Jewish plan is to be thwarted eemed Security Council can do little less following steps in accordance with the and humanity's international order based emotional law.

One -- The Security Council is declare Israel as an aggressor in act with the Charter.

Two -- Being so declared, the Security Council has no alternative but to impose sanctions provided for under Chapter VII of the Charter.

Three -- Since Israel's concept of self-defence is predicated on the destruction of other peoples and annihilation of boundaries, Israeli territorial claims should be opened to international inspection and control under a non-proliferation treaty which Israel refuses to sign.

The Israeli evasive contention that the rest of the states of the region should be substituted for the non-proliferation treaty surfaced only last year, is a sham on two g

One -- Ratification of the non-proliferation treaty is a multilateral arrangement requires no negotiations. Two -- A nuclear-free zone in the East after Israel had acquired a nuclear, is a contradiction in terms. It means a perpetuation of an Israel monopoly of the weapons of mass destruction.

The Security Council should decide the pay compensation for substantial losses by Iraq in consequence of Israeli aggression. It is my earnest hope that the esteemed will act decisively in a manner commensurate the enormity of the challenge if only to drift to war and incalculable devastation.

مكتبة الامم

MIDDLE EAST

Egyptians' friends bail out in OAU ministerial meeting

IROBI, Kenya, June 24 (P.) — Egypt has suffered a significant diplomatic setback when...

the effective participation of the Palestine Liberation Organisation. Egyptian Foreign Minister Boutros Ghali formally protested against the wording.

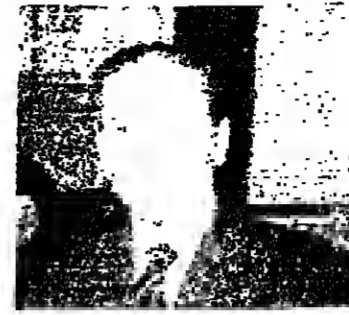
Somalia, Djibouti and Senegal, four African countries which have consistently refused hitherto to criticize Egypt. The delegates of several non-signatories, including Ethiopia, Zambia and Tanzania, said they would support the resolution if it came to a vote...

Palme meets Iraqi leader

BEIRUT, June 24 (R) — United Nations special envoy Mr. Olof Palme has discussed ways of settling the Iran-Iraq war with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein...

Egyptian people ready to rise--Sadat foe says

NICOSIA, Cyprus, June 24 (A.P.) — Egypt's anti-government National Front "has succeeded in preparing the people for an uprising" to overthrow President Anwar Sadat...



Saad Shazli

...of replacing him with another Quisling."

UAE paper calls on Arabs to boycott U.S.

ABU DHABI, June 24 (R) — The United Arab Emirates' (UAE) semi-official newspaper Al Itihad called today for an Arab economic war against the United States over its support for Israel.

Will it help Labour Party? Violence marks Israeli election campaign

AVIV, June 24 (R) — Israel's opposition Labour Party, slinging badly in opinion polls a week before the general election, as its luck will turn as a result of the violence that has burst upon the campaign scene.

headquarters here where an atmosphere of defeat prevailed not long ago. A Labour spokesman, Mr. Israel Peleg, told Reuters: "The violent opposition to Labour over the past week set a red light flashing in many people's minds as to what four more years of Mr. Begin could do to Israel's democracy."

their own supporters. "They realised they were heading for a defeat and incited violence to intimidate the electorate," he charged. "We admit that there are some Likud fanatics on the streets who do us great harm, but we cannot do anything about it except appeal for calm," he said.

ther by the Labour criticism of the operation which the public seems to think was necessary. Labour officials also hope that recent economic measures taken by Finance Minister Yoram Aridor will not harm Labour on election day.

Egypt denies credit report

CAIRO, June 24 (R) — The Egyptian defence ministry today denied reports that foreign banks in Switzerland were putting up funds to enable Egypt to buy an air defence system.

"This confrontation can begin with boycotting American cigarettes, cinema films, clothing and, in fact, everything American, leading to an actual economic war against the United States in which we use our huge funds and oil resources," the newspaper said.

JORDAN MARKETPLACE

Advertisement for Jordan Marketplace featuring various services: RESTAURANTS & BARS (Mandarin, Shepherd's Pub, Holiday Drive, Jockey Lounge, Taiwan Turismo, Miramar Hotel), TRANSPORTATION (Jordan Express Co., National Rent-A-Car, Philadelphia Rent-A-Car, JORAC Rent-A-Car, Satellite Rent-A-Car), AQABA (Mandarin Chinese Restaurant), MISCELLANEOUS (Scandinavian, Ghalia), and a NOTICE to all proprietors of printing presses.

# The opening of the most modern Optical Science Centre in the Middle East

**Dr. Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben says the Optical Science Centre is a big gain for Jordan**

*Dr. Ibrahim Ayish says the Optical Science Centre in Jordan is as good as the best anywhere in the world.*

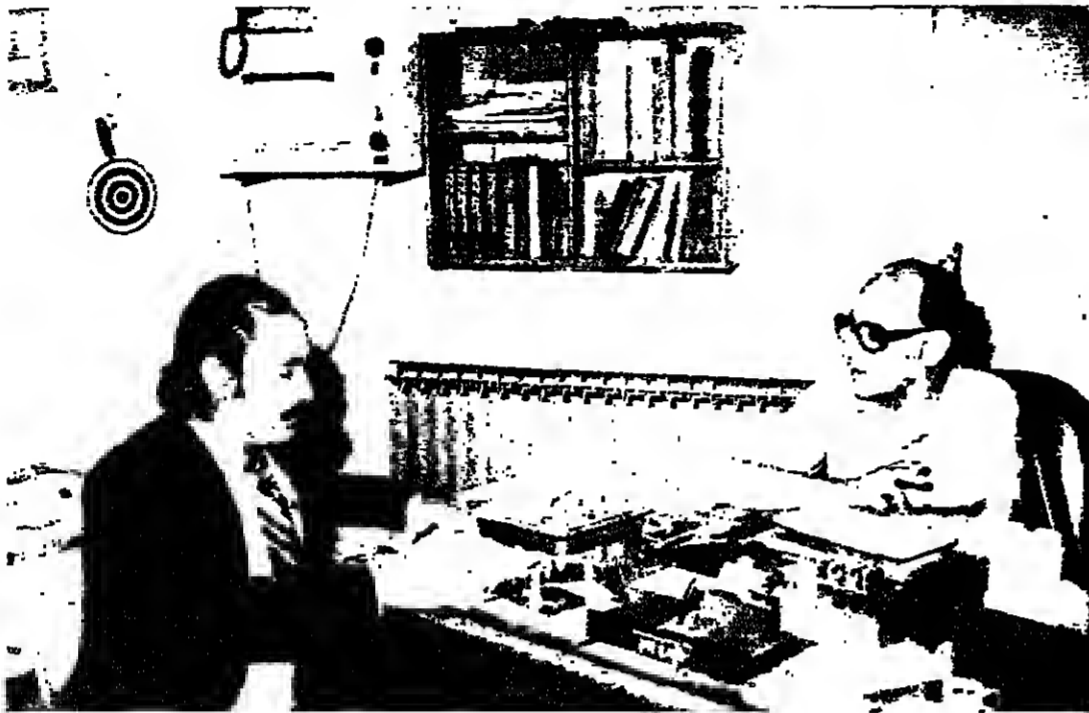
AMMAN, June 24 (J.T.) — Jordan is a pioneering country, always surging ahead and excelling in science and culture. Its main resource is the determination of its conscientious youth to bring Jordan to international standards in these fields. On Sunday evening, June 21, 1981, the Optical Science Centre was opened in Shm-

eisani. It is the most modern in the Middle East in specialisation of contact lenses. The centre is affiliated with the Optikos Shami centres in Jordan. The opening ceremony was attended by a large crowd of officials, doctors, businessmen and journalists eager to get acquainted with this centre and the latest achievements in optical science.

The centre is provided with the most sophisticated visual equipment in the world. For the first time in Jordan, computers are introduced to measure eye sight. The equipment is being operated by highly qualified specialists. The accuracy of the equipment is considered fool-proof.

After seeing the centre and its equipment, those attending expressed their satisfaction at the high standard Jordan has achieved in the field. During the ceremony, the Jordan Times correspondent met Minister of Communications Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben, and the eye specialist at the Hussein Medical Centre, Dr. Ibrahim Ayish.

Asked about his impressions, Dr. Zaben said that the Jordanian government always encourages all scientific advances benefiting Jordanians. Jordan is also a forerunner in scientific activities, he said. This centre is a boon to Jordan, and "we hope that the officials of the centre will keep pace with latest advances in the science to maintain their high standards," Dr. Zaben said. Answering a question,



Dr. Zuheir Awwad speaks with Jordan Times correspondent

by the same correspondent, Dr. Ibrahim Ayish said: "The Optical Science Centre is an excellent one and is as good as any I have visited in Europe. The centre is one of the very modern ones spread out in all parts of the world."

Dr. Ayish said that "there are eye diseases which require the patient to use contact lenses instead of spectacles, which I believe will replace the

latter in the future. I also believe that all eye doctors recommend the use of contact lenses if deemed necessary."

Dr. Ayish said that the Optical Science Centre is complete from all technical and medical standpoints and has everything required. "We have reached this conclusion after touring all the centre's sections," he said.

Ever since the dis-

covery of the contact lenses, the quality of the lenses developed quickly. While in the past these lenses were a peculiarity and a luxury they have become internationally familiar, even a necessity. Moreover, they are now preferred to the traditional spectacles, and this is due to several reasons—the discovery of a new brand of soft lenses in addition to the well-known hard lenses. The

lenses have become ultra thin. Furthermore, the lenses allow the passage of oxygen in sufficient quantities to the cornea to preserve its vitality and relaxation.

Furthermore, the contact lenses are easy to use, whether by putting them on or removing them, and they give the user a better range of vision.

It is no longer necessary to remove contact lenses from the eyes daily or when going to bed. It is now possible to use these lenses for long periods, well over six months, without the need to remove them, except for very short periods to give the eyes rest. For these reasons, contact lenses are popular with businessmen and intellectuals.

Furthermore, this is a blessing for athletes because they can carry on athletics without need for cumbersome spectacles getting in the way and without embarrassment.

One should not forget here about ladies, who have become free from the need for spectacles. They can now enhance their perception through the use of ordinary or coloured contact lenses.

In order to clarify the picture for readers and give the subject its due attention, the Jordan Times correspondent met with two leading eye specialists, Dr. Adnan Halaseh and Dr. Zuheir Awwad.

Asked about his personal opinion of contact lenses and whether he would advise his patients to use them, Dr. Zuheir Awwad said: "I would advise a patient to use contact lenses for medical reasons which spectacles fail to satisfy. We examine the patient to ascertain that there is nothing to prevent the patient from using contact lenses. There are cases where spectacles are useless, and the patient should use contact lenses in such a case, for example cornea diseases."

"On the other hand, there are cases where spectacles would solve the problem while contact lenses would not. Furthermore, there are several other clinical cases which inhibit the use of contact lenses."

Dr. Awwad said that "a great development has taken place in contact lenses since the 1970s, particularly as regards the matter of convenience. Contact lenses can theoretically be used now for a full six months without removal, particularly after the discovery of the soft lenses which was approved by the Food and Drug Administration in



Mr. Mohammad Shami receiving Communications Minister Mohammad Al Zaben



Dr. Halaseh speaks with the Jordan Times correspondent

the United States only a year ago. However, we still advise that the contact lenses be put on for one week and then removed during the weekly holiday, to be put on again the next day. There are also toric lenses, which can rectify astigmatism, Dr. Awwad said.

Dr. Awwad added: "I prefer an examination in advance before deciding to use contact lenses. Consequently, if the patient is not allergic to the material from which the lenses are made, then there is no reason why the lenses should not be used."

Asked whether the patient has the right to choose the contact lenses, Dr. Awwad said: "If the patient chooses contact lenses after examination, I would not object, or you might need a simple treatment before using them. Sometimes the patient sees better with spectacles than with contact lenses. If he accepts this situation, this is his choice. Beauty has its own

price. But sometimes I have to tell the patient you cannot put on contact lenses at all."

Asked for his personal opinion about contact lenses, Dr. Adnan Halaseh said: "There are several advantages to contact lenses, and there are cases in which one has to use them, especially when the cornea is injured. In such a case, the contact lenses should be placed to isolate the cornea from the eyelid. One characteristic of contact lenses is the absorption of water. This advantage has been utilised to benefit patients who use medicines constantly, where

the contact lens inserted after them with medicine."

"In case of open a patient to remove 'water' from the eye contact lenses should be used instead of spectacles because they to better results. are several other requiring the use of contact lenses, in addition using them instead of spectacles for various purposes," Dr. Halaseh said.

Asked whether he thinks contact lenses will replace the traditional spectacles in the future, Dr. Halaseh said: "Yes, I believe so."

**Optikos Shami has several branches in the Kingdom:**

- King Hussein Street.
- Jabal Amman - the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel.
- Jabal Hussein - Firas Circle
- Jabal Ashrafieh - opposite Abu Darwish square
- Irbid - Al Jamil Street
- Zarqa - King Hussein Street
- Aqaba - Opposite Princess Haya Hospital
- Shmeisani - near Jordan Tower Hotel



Some modern visual apparatus



Dr. Ibrahim Ayish addressing journalists.



The opening ceremony of the centre



مركز علم البصريات

# Football season kicks off



Whidat club

Jordanian football season kicks off on Friday with a match between the First Division champions - Whidat club and the Cup winners - Faisaly Club. This game is the Cup winners cup match.



Faisaly club

(similar to the Charity Shield match played in England prior to the football season), and the proceeds of the match will be donated to charities in Jordan.

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1981

## YOUR DAILY Horoscope

**GENERAL TENDENCIES:** A day when secondary tasks require your attention. Formulate a plan for doing them without delay and get the results you want. A new project needs more study.

**ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)** You are able to be successful in whatever you do today and get excellent results thereby. Spend your money wisely.

**AURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)** Taking the proper health treatments will make you feel better and improve your appearance. Show others you have wisdom.

**EMINI (May 21 to June 21)** Know what is desired by the members and establish more harmony at home. An outlet needs further study.

**SCORPIO CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21)** Get busy at tasks ahead of you and do them in a precise manner. Don't neglect important correspondence.

**LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21)** Cut down on expenses and you easily add to present abundance. Show increased devotion to loved one.

**LIBRA (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22)** Take the necessary treatments so that you can improve both health and appearance. Engage in more social activities.

**VIRGO (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)** Forget all that social merriment today and get right down to the work that is to be done. Evening is fine for romance.

**SAGITTARIUS (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)** Plan time to think over your true aims and figure out the best ways to attain them. Attend a group affair tonight.

**CAPRICORN (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)** Take care of unmet duties early in the day. Don't overlook a pressing matter. Think along logical lines.

**AQUARIUS (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)** Go to the right sources for the information you need. Making new contacts can bring interesting results now.

**PISCES (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)** Try a new approach to your work more accord with associates. Be sure to keep your promises. Think constructively.

**SCORPIO (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20)** Discuss mutual aims with associates. Take time to improve your appearance. Use your own excellent taste.

**YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY** ... he or she could become a perfectionist but is likely to be intolerant of others who are not similarly endowed, so teach to make allowances for the shortcomings of others. Give ethical and spiritual training early in life. The Stars impel, they do not compel. What you make your life is largely up to you!

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1981

**GENERAL TENDENCIES:** A good day to get started on new activity by which you can exhibit your finest talents and gain success. If you are more cooperative now can reach a better understanding with others.

**ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)** Listening more to what associates have to say is wise, since the planetary power is in their favor today. Relax at home tonight.

**AURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)** Don't neglect to handle important business matter in the morning. Engage in your hobby later in the day.

**EMINI (May 21 to June 21)** You have good ideas on how to put your finest talents to use. So get busy early in the day. Show more devotion to loved one.

**SCORPIO CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21)** You can now lead a regular routine with ease. Combine plans with loved one and get excellent results.

**LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21)** Making your relationships with others is easy to do now. Don't neglect thoughtful aspects of your life.

**LIBRA (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22)** Express new ideas to associates which could result in much progress. Strive for personal happiness. Be logical.

**VIRGO (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)** Make long-range plans that give you added income in the days ahead. Come to a better understanding with associates.

**SAGITTARIUS (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)** Good day for investigating and getting the true facts and figures of an important project you have in mind.

**CAPRICORN (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)** Engage in new activities that will help you get ahead in your line of work. Being with groups can bring fine results.

**AQUARIUS (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20)** You can handle personal affairs more intelligently now. Situations develop which could lead to greater success.

**PISCES (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)** A day that could yield benefits in business. New contacts can help pave way to more abundance in the future.

**SCORPIO (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20)** Couple your good judgment with your intuitive promptings and the chances of what you want will increase.

**YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY** ... he or she will get on well with people in all walks of life. Teach early to work for what is desired. A good education is essential to achieve success. There is much spirituality here. Don't neglect ethical training. The Stars impel, they do not compel. What you make your life is largely up to you!

## Argentina, S.Korea in cup final

SEOUL, June 24 (A.P.) — The Racing de Cordoba of Argentina beat Brazil's Victoria team 2-1 today, advancing to the final of the 11th President's Cup international soccer tournament here. The Argentinians will clash with South Korea in the final tomorrow. The host eleven blanked Uruguay's Danubio Team 2-0 in the other semifinal match at the Seoul Municipal Stadium.

## Tennis Talk



### The backhand volley

By Maureen Stalla

Of all the strokes, I think the backhand volley is the hardest to get. One needs a precise concept of the stroke, a picture of it, perfectly executed, in order to master the technique. The concept of the backhand volley is quite elusive.

Think of making a karate jab at the ball. Hold the racket firmly, out in front of your body and as the ball approaches step forward with your right foot (assuming you are right handed) and give it a firm, crisp karate chop with the racket head.

The racket should be parallel to the ground for waist-high balls, a little more vertical for chest and shoulder-high balls and slanting down slightly for

low balls.

Jab the high ball hard (you are hitting down) and for waist-high balls and jab the low balls easily and carefully you are hitting these balls up) under cut the low balls slightly, jabbing the racket head forward and down across the back of the ball.

Whenever you volley forehand or backhand, don't flip the racket head at the ball—no wrist please. This will result in a high, popped up shot which your opponent will slam down your throat.

Just jab it forward with a firm wrist and a firm grip, trying to stop the movement of the racket immediately after the hit.

## GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

© 1981 by Chicago Tribune

DEAR MR. GOREN

Q.—Our game is completely split about a fundamental question: If you decide to lead from three low cards in a suit, should you lead the top, middle or bottom card? —J. Chamberlain, Bronx, N.Y.

(This question has been awarded the weekly prize.)

A.—Your game is in much the same state as the bridge world—there are sharp differences of opinion on this issue.

The old standby is to lead top-of-nothing, and that is still my choice. I like to know that when partner leads a low card in the suit, he either has at least four cards or an honor in the suit. On occasion, of course, I won't be sure whether partner holds two or three cards in the suit, but I think that that is the lesser of evils.

The modern tendency is to lead low from three cards. Adherents of this school argue just the reverse of the way I do—they feel that it is more important to differentiate between a doubleton and a tripleton than it is to know whether partner has at least four cards in the suit or is leading from an honor. However, if you are leading a suit that partner has bid and you have supported, they, too, lead the top card—partner will expect three cards from you from your raise.

The one lead I cannot recommend is the one known as MUD—from middle, up, down. All that the lead of the

middle card accomplishes is to leave partner completely muddled about your holding until the second round of the suit has been played. By then he may have had to make a crucial decision with nothing to guide him.

Q.—Under what circumstances might it be correct to take an anti-percentage line in the play of the hand? —J.D.K., Miami Beach, Fla.

A.—In rubber bridge it is seldom right. The only time to go against the percentage is if you have some clue from the bidding or play that augurs the percentage line won't work.

In team competition or duplicate pairs, there are other circumstances that might make you take an anti-percentage line. Suppose you judge that you are about 10 IMPs behind in a team game with two boards to play, and you arrive in a slam that depends on losing only one trick from this combination:

Dummy  
Q 10 9 5  
Declarer  
A 8 7 4

The percentage play is to run the ten and, if it loses, to repeat the finesse. You can presume, if the declarer at the other table is competent, that that is the way he tackled the suit. You have a chance to win the match if you take the inferior line of laying down the ace of the suit and leading towards the queen. If your left-hand opponent has both missing honors, you will make the slam while the percentage line fails. You would make the same play if you were looking for a swing in a duplicate pairs event.

## McEnroe fined for insulting an official

WIMBLEDON, June 24 (A.P.) — Martina Navratilova, two-time Wimbledon champion, hammered 16-year-old Susan Mascarin unmercifully 6-0, 6-1 in the second round of the tournament today.

Top seeded Chris Evert Lloyd, who has also won the title twice, won almost as easily. She crushed Yvonne Vermaak of South Africa 6-1, 6-2. Mascarin, one of the growing army of American teenagers, went on to the famed Centre Court like a lamb led to the slaughter.

In yesterday's events, Kathy Rinaldi, a 14-year-old school girl from Florida, became the youngest player ever to win a match at the All England tennis championships.

Shy Kathy survived one match point before winning a 2 hour 35 minute marathon against Sue Rollinson of South Africa 6-3, 2-6, 9-7. "I enjoyed it tremendously," said Kathy, who was given a rousing ovation by a packed crowd on No. 1 court.

Rinaldi is no stranger to sensation. She reached the quarterfinals of the French Open last month, defeating two seeds—Dianne Fromholtz and Anne Smith.

American tennis star John McEnroe was fined \$1,500 by the committee of management of the All England lawn tennis championships.

The 22-year-old New York left hander, the No. 2 seed at Wimbledon, also was warned that any future misconduct at the championships could result in his being suspended. McEnroe was at the centre of a controversy Monday after insulting an official.

McEnroe is a popular figure at British tournaments. He has won Wimbledon and Queen's Club for the last three years and captivated the Wimbledon centre court crowd during last season's thrilling final with Bjorn Borg.

Wimbledon fans felt McEnroe grew in stature during last year's final and even his stormy outbursts against Gullikson were greeted largely by silence.

## Peanuts



## Andy Capp

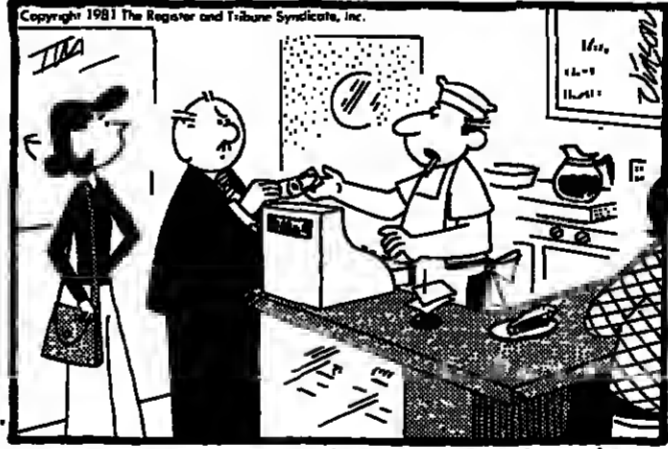


## Mutt 'n' Jeff



## THE BETTER HALF

By Vinson



"The dessert WAS complimentary. Didn't ya hear me say it's delicious?"

## JUMBLE

Unscramble these four jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

GOSGY  
HETIL  
RYPTAN  
LAWASY

WHAT HAPPENED WHEN HIS LUGGAGE TURNED UP MISSING?

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Answer here: HE [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] HIS [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]

(Answers tomorrow)

Saturday's Jumbles: MAXIM COWER FACTOR PLEDGE  
Answer: What you have to take in order to become a dentist—AN "ORAL" EXAM

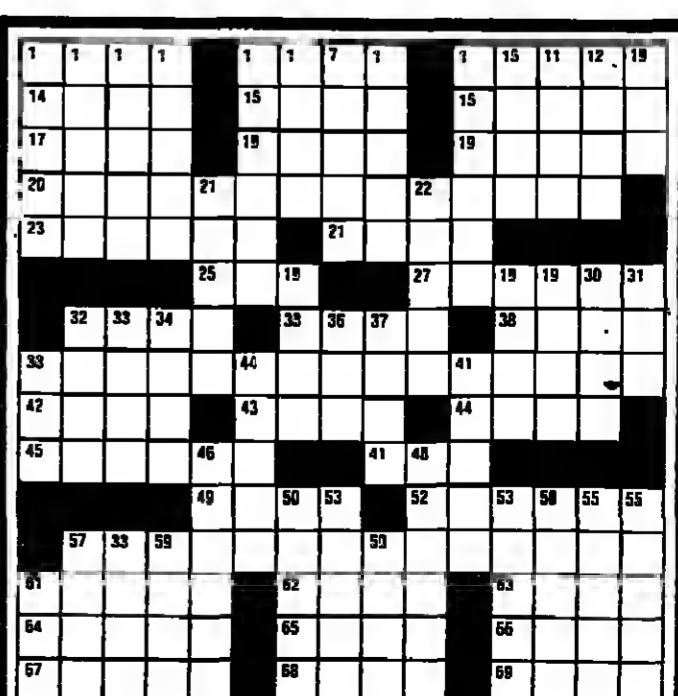
## THE Daily Crossword

by Sophie Fierman

- |                        |                           |                            |                   |
|------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| ACROSS                 | 27 Mexican shawl          | 57 Give an ultimatum       | 21 Large lemur    |
| 1 Catch sight of       | 32 Name in fashion        | 61 Kind of aircraft        | 22 Alleviates     |
| 5 Skirt bottoms        | 35 Military assistant     | 62 Fatigue                 | 26 Droops         |
| 9 Medicinal portions   | 38 Freezer                | 63 Before: prof.           | 28 Solemnity      |
| 14 As                  | 39 All, without omission  | 64 Bring forth             | 29 Yeast          |
| 15 So be it            | 42 Mountain range in Asia | 65 Available               | 30 Ring out       |
| 16 Abrasive powder     | 43 Capri, for one         | 66 — off (started to golf) | 31 Coastal flyer  |
| 17 Orant, e.g.         | 44 Strip                  | 67 Made cat sound          | 32 Mate out       |
| 18 Milan money         | 45 Be a member            | 68 Soaks poor judgment     | 33 Roman: abbr.   |
| 19 Simple              | 47 Equal                  | 69 Uaes poor judgment      | 34 Dayton's state |
| 20 Speak frankly       | 48 Electrical units       | DOWN (numbered)            | 36 Indisposed     |
| 23 Ancient sect        | 49 Electrical units       | 1 Blackboard               | 37 Reddite        |
| 24 Lacinate            | 52 Poured                 | 2 Shaves                   | 38 Catch          |
| 25 Medical merc: abbr. |                           | 3 Egg-shaped design        | 40 Bedtime        |

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

S I R I S W A I T I R D O S E  
 A M I O N T I M E R T I C E R  
 F I L I S T I T A T I E S I E A L  
 S I M I L I T A T I S T I M I E  
 D O O D T H E M  
 P I P E D U P P L A Y S B Y  
 E D I R P E L T E T T O D  
 P I A S N I E A T A N K  
 T I O W E L L I N G T I F F E  
 A S H T R A I L T U L L E R I S  
 S H I N E R I E  
 A T T E N D E R R E N D E R  
 P I A M A L O R A S T A T E  
 A I R T E U B O A T E A R D S  
 B I Y I S S I E R I G I E D I E N T I



WORLD

Western diplomatic sources report

Upsurge in Afghan rebel attacks gives Soviet troops tough time

ISLAMABAD, June 24 (A.P.) — Western diplomatic reports today said there has been an upsurge of guerrilla activity in and around Kabul, including an unsuccessful insurgent raid on the capital's golf club which left at least one attacker wounded.

However, conscription has not been able to keep up with the high rate of desertion, Afghan and Western diplomatic sources said. One informant, who declined to be identified by name or nationality, said government employees belonging to President Karmal's Parcham faction were now being called up for active duty.

Meanwhile, a West European diplomatic source here said he has received confirmation that Kandahar, Afghanistan's second-largest city was hit in its central area by Soviet air strikes last week. An Afghan eyewitness said earlier that hundreds were believed killed in the aerial attack. On Monday, two members of President Babrak Karmal's Parcham Party faction were fatally shot by unknown assailants thought to be anti-government insurgents, one near Kabul University and the other at the capital's Karte Parwan area. The diplomatic reports said. Urban guerrillas reportedly killed by mistake two children June 17 in an attack which also left dead the intended targets, two party members. One report said the gunmen apologized to the dead children's parents and offered cash compensation. The separate diplomatic reports gave similar accounts of a passing military vehicle hit by a tossed hand grenade in Kabul's Darul Anan section. On said recreational club for Marxist Party members came under rocket attack during the week and at least two armoured vehicles were put out of action in front of the education ministry. Both quoted numerous sources as saying heavy fighting has been reported at the former royal resort of Paghman, west of Kabul, and in parts of the countryside between the two cities, the reports said. Few details have emerged but art-

illery and machine-gun fire was observed everyday between June 17-21, one of them said. Afghan troops took position at the Kabul Golf Club, located near Kargah, about six kilometres west of the capital, on June 18 and successfully repulsed a guerrilla attack which left at least one insurgent dead. Soviet and Afghan troops ringed the area afterward, one report said. A West European diplomatic report said renewed factional fighting has erupted at the Rishkoor Garrison outside Kabul and added at least five soldiers were dead. Other incidents in the Kabul area included raids on a police station near the city's grain silos, located in a western suburb, and on a police post near Pul-i-Charkhi, about 10 kilometres to the east. Dozens of Soviet-made AK 47 rifles reportedly were seized. Hundreds of women and children arrived at Kabul hospitals late last week for treatment of wounds following reports of heavy bombing in Wardak Province. One report said there had been a series of Soviet air strikes beginning June 16. Most of the increased urban guerrilla activities increased in Kabul despite a June 18 decree offering amnesty to rebels. Diplomatic sources said there were indications that the Soviets still want the Afghan army to take over much of the ground fighting, leaving their forces to handle artillery and air support.

A flicker of hope in Ulster to end Maze hunger-strikes

BELFAST, Ireland, June 24 (A.P.) — There were faint hopes today of ending the hunger-strikes in Northern Ireland's Maze Prison as the British government and convicted guerrillas made statements indicating they may be ready to compromise. Britain's Northern Ireland Secretary Humphrey Atkins and a statement from the seven guerrillas currently fasting both spoke of the need to settle the prison crisis that has triggered violence across the province.

But there was no clear sign from either side that any major breakthrough was imminent that could end the hunger-strike that began March 1. Officials at the government's Northern Ireland Office said they saw little immediate reason for any optimism. The statements were released as the British braced for another wave of Maze deaths next month and an outbreak of violence similar to what followed after the deaths of four hunger-strikers last month. The guerrillas, all convicted members of the outlawed Irish Republican Army (IRA) and the smaller Irish National Liberation Army, (INLA), are demanding that jailed activists be treated as political prisoners rather than criminals.

The British refuse on the grounds that it would accord political respectability to the guerrillas' bloody campaign to end British rule in Northern Ireland and reunite it with the neighbouring Irish Republic. Mr. Atkin's statement indicated some movement might be possible on the demands for prison reforms by the almost exclusively Catholic guerrillas. But it was unclear how far the British were willing to go without appearing to be caving in to the guerrillas.

The guerrillas want to wear their own clothes instead of prison-issue garb, to associate freely among themselves, to do no prison work, to receive more mail and visits and to have full remission of sentences lost through their cellblock protests. Mr. Atkin said in a friendly letter to Cardinal Tomas O'Fiaich, Roman Catholic primate of Ireland, that the hunger-strike is a major obstacle in the way of government plans for a new political initiative in the province. He praised a statement last week by Catholic bishops that called on the guerrillas to abandon their death fast.

The prisoners' statement was issued by Tom McIlwee, one of seven men now refusing food. It appeared to suggest that the Irish Commission for Justice and Peace, a body set up by the Catholic bishops, might be acceptable as a mediator with the British.

Commission members yesterday discussed the prison crisis with Mr. Atkin's deputy, Mr. Michael Alison, but no details of the meeting were disclosed.

Mr. McIlwee, who joined the fast 17 days ago, said in the statement smuggled out of the Maze that he met with a commission representative Monday.

Mr. McIlwee stressed that the hunger-strikers welcomed efforts by the commission "and any other body" to set up talks between the prisoners and the government.

The British political initiative is aimed at getting the million-strong pro-British Protestant majority to share power in the province with the minority Catholics who support the IRA and INLA.

However, all such efforts have so far been abortive. Protestant diehards led by the Rev. Ian Paisley have repeatedly refused to share power and there is no indication that anything has changed.

Warsaw reassures Moscow to defend mutual alliance

MOSCOW, June 24 (A.P.) — Polish Communist Party chief Stanislaw Kania and other top Polish leaders vowed to defend the alliance between the Soviet Union and Poland in a telegram to Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev, the Soviet news agency TASS reported today. TASS quoted the telegram as "assuring" that defence of Soviet-Polish friendship and of the two countries' alliance "will always be regarded by Polish communists and by all patriotic forces as the loftiest duty in the name of strong guarantees of the independent existence of socialist Poland."

In an unusual departure from form, TASS did not identify any of the Polish leaders by title — an omission that could signal the Kremlin's apparently growing dissatisfaction with steps Poland's leaders have taken to restore order in their country.

Another TASS item from Moscow, which was published about

had been killed or maimed in three years, one month and two days of what had been termed a "limited war" or a "police action." South Korean military losses reached half a million dead and more than 700,000 wounded. The United States had 100,910 casualties, 33,600 of them men killed in combat. The uneasy truce, broken by occasional bloody incidents, has survived since then, but there is no peace accord. The United States still has about 39,000 military personnel here to support South Korea's 600,000-strong armed forces. North Korea's military strength is estimated at 700,000. The Korean peninsula was divided along the 38th Parallel at the end of World War II, and attempts at unification since then have been fruitless. The crowds at today's rally endorsed enthusiastically a resolution calling for North Korea to respond positively to proposals made Jan. 12 and repeated June 5 by President Huan Doo-Hwan for summit talks between the leaders of the south and north. The proposals said such contacts could lay the groundwork for moves aimed at again making the country one. North Korea rejected the plan, asserting it would not deal with the present Seoul authorities.

Seoul marks Korean War anniversary

SEOUL, June 24 (A.P.) — Effigies of North Korean leader Kim Il-sung and his son — and perhaps political successor — Kim Chong-il, were burned in this South Korean capital today at a giant rally marking the 31st anniversary of the start of the Korean War. Unofficial estimates of the throng gathered ranged up to two million. The participants carried banners and placards denouncing the communist North Korean regime and calling for peaceful unification of the divided peninsula. Speakers included two recent defectors from the north. The Korean War began in the early-morning darkness of June 25, 1950, as monsoon rains swept the peninsula. With air support and spearheaded by Russian-built tanks, powerful North Korean elements plunged down the Uijongbu Corridor, long a traditional invasion route to the south. Seoul fell within three days. United Nations forces, the largest contingent American, came to the aid of South Korea, while Chinese troops later intervened to support the north. Bitter fighting went on until an armistice agreement was signed July 27, 1953. When it was over, an estimated 2,407,000 people

State psychiatrists to examine Hir

WASHINGTON, June 24 (A.P.) — U.S. government psychiatrists have retained three psychiatrists and a psychologist to examine John W. Hinckley Jr., accused of shooting Ronald Reagan, the Justice Department said yesterday. Department spokesman Tom DeCaro said the four men to the prison in North Carolina where Mr. Hinckley is held and to the Denver area, where he grew up and his parent U.S. District Judge William B. Bryant ordered a top court by July 1 on whether Mr. Hinckley is mentally competent to stand trial and whether he was sane at the time of the Defense attorneys for Mr. Hinckley have not said if they are sure that psychiatrists of their choosing would also be to the accused. Mr. Hinckley is charged with attempted assassination of President Reagan, which carries a maximum life imprisonment. He also has been charged with a Secret Service agent. No charges have been filed against the shooting of a police officer and White House Press James Brady, who were wounded in the same attack while U.S. Secret Service Agent Timothy J. McCarney when President Reagan was shot in the assassin's attempt, has returned to work guarding the President at a House.

Lennon's assassin offers no mo

NEW YORK, June 24 (A.P.) — Mark David Chapin, the assassin of John Lennon, offered no explanation or remorse for the slaying, court records showed yesterday. Chapin's lawyer said he would not offer an explanation or remorse for the slaying, court records showed yesterday. Chapin's lawyer said he would not offer an explanation or remorse for the slaying, court records showed yesterday. Chapin's lawyer said he would not offer an explanation or remorse for the slaying, court records showed yesterday.

Burglar jailed for robbing security

HONG KONG, June 24 (A.P.) — A 28-year-old man sentenced yesterday six months imprisonment for stealing the home of Hong Kong's secretary for security, who was not by the burglar but by his wife, who swung a golf club intruder and missed.

Socialists score high in Italy: whiff from French neighbours?

ROME, June 24 (A.P.) — The Italian Socialist Party has achieved a major electoral success in local elections and is emerging as a growing alternative to the long-ruling Christian Democrats and the powerful Communist Party. The Communists, the largest Marxist party in the West, consolidated their strength in the north — keeping control of some city governments of Rome and Genoa. But they slipped badly in the south, even falling behind the Socialists in Bari, a leading industrial city on the Adriatic coast.

An estimated nine million Italians — nearly one fourth of the electorate — were eligible to cast ballot in the voting Sunday and Monday, but nearly 20 per cent of those eligible stayed home, the highest absentee rate in a post-war election, while another three per cent cast blank ballots as a protest, according to interior ministry figures. In Rome, the Communists took 35.9 per cent of the vote, up from 35.5 per cent in 1976 when they became the largest party in the "City of Popes," while the Socialists went up from 7.6 per cent to 10.2 per cent. The Christian Democrats slipped from 33.1 per cent to 29 per cent in the city.

In Genoa, the Communists had 39.6 per cent of the vote, up two percentage points from 1919 parliamentary elections but down from 41.5 per cent in 1976 municipal elections. The Socialists went up four percentage points from 1916. But the biggest surprise was Bari, where the Socialists jumped to 23.3 per cent from 12.6 per cent in the 1976 local elections, overtaking the Communists who fell to 15.9 per cent from 24.8 per cent. The Christian Democrats remained the leading party in the city, although slipping to 33.4 per cent from 38 per cent.

The Christian Democrats kept control of the regional government in Sicily, a traditional stronghold of the church-backed party, where the Communists also fell back.

The Socialist-leaning newspaper La Repubblica of Rome said a "French wind was blowing in Bari," referring to the Socialist Party hopes of riding the crest of the Socialist landslide in the parliamentary elections in neighbouring France.

Michele Dighiesi, of the small Social Democrat Party, which also made gains, said the results showed "the electorate was tired of the long occupation of power with the Christian Democrats" and reflected a "loss of Communist credibility."

Madrid unveils yet another coup plot

MADRID, June 24 (A.P.) — The government has uncovered a new military plot in Spain, apparently directed against King Juan Carlos, who crushed an attempt by right-wing officers to seize power four months ago, Spanish police officials said today. Reporting the arrest of three army officers and four civilians exactly four months to the day after the abortive coup, the interior ministry officials did not directly link the plot with the king. But they said it was not connected with the Feb. 23 attempt to overthrow the civilian government and indicated it was timed to coincide with the 43-year-old monarch's Saint's Day being celebrated today. They gave no further details and said the plot still was being investigated. The king was scheduled to hold a formal reception tonight in the royal palace in downtown Madrid to mark his Saint's Day. The officials, who declined to be identified, said the arrests were made yesterday by a special unit investigating right-wing violence. Among those under arrest, police said, was Maj. Ricardo Saez de Ynestralza. He was convicted but released after a short prison term 18 months ago along with Lt. Col. Antonio Tejero, the paramilitary Civil Guard officer who led the storming of parliament in the February coup attempt. The news agency Europa Press said Maj. Ynestralza was expected to face charges this time of military rebellion, the same charge on which Col. Tejero was imprisoned and indicted. Other officers reported arrested were Col. Ricardo Garcitorenas Salta, reported by newspapers at

Atlanta slaying suspect to go before grand jury

ATLANTA, June 24 (A.P.) — A grand jury will be asked within the next month to return a murder indictment against Wayne B. Williams, the free-lance photographer charged in the latest of a string of slayings of young blacks, officials say.

District Attorney Lewis Slaton said yesterday he will ask the Fulton County grand jury to indict

Williams in the strangulation death of Nathaniel Cater, 27, whose body was found in the Chattahoochee River last month. Mr. Slaton's comments came after Magistrate Arnold Thompson ruled that authorities had probable cause to arrest the 23-year-old Williams in connection with Cater's death. Judge Thompson ordered him held for grand jury action.

At the court hearing, prosecutors called three witnesses, who outlined a case involving fibre evidence and a pre-dawn encounter between Williams and police on a Chattahoochee River bridge.

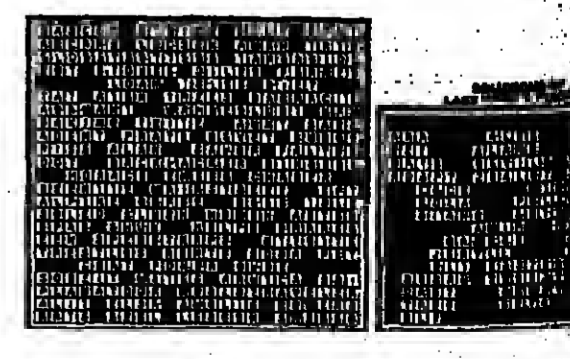
After the hearing, however, Mary Welcome, Williams' lawyer, characterised the state's case as "very, very weak."

Meanwhile, in Hampton, Virginia, a Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) agent who worked with Atlanta police on the case said the hairs and fibres linking Williams to Cater's slaying were also found on the bodies of several of the 27 other victims in the string of deaths.

"He (Williams) looks pretty good for a good percentage of the killings," FBI Special Agent Supervisor John Douglas told southern correctional officials at a conference. Yesterday's hearing in the packed, heavily guarded court room here was the first court appearance for Williams. He did not testify. State Crime Lab technician Larry Peterson testified that laboratory tests showed a strong resemblance between fibres found on Cater's body and hair and fibres taken from Williams' home during a June 3 search.

THE Weekend Crossword

Crossword puzzle grid with clues. Includes sections for 'SPICE RACK', 'Diagramless', and 'CRYPTOGRAMS'.



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